### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

# (Mark One) ☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020

OR

 $\square$  Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the securities exchange act of 1934

Commission File Number 814-00710

### PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION

|   | e of Registrant as specified in its charter) |   |                             |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------|
| Maryland  |  | 46-3516073  |                             |
| (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)  |  | (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)                                |                             |
| 800 Turnpike Street, Suite 300<br>North Andover, Massachusetts  |  | 01845   |                             |
| (Address of principal executive offices)  |  | (Zip Code)  |                             |
| Registrant's telepho  | ne number, including area code: (978) 794    | -3366   |                             |
| Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports requents (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file s   |  |   |                             |
| Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronical posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter and post such files). Yes $\square$ No $\square$ |  |   |                             |
| Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated fil company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", (Check one.)                                 |  |   |                             |
| Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer □   | Sma  | relerated filer<br>aller reporting company<br>erging growth company |                             |
| If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Registrant accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange   |  | on period for complying with ar                                     | ny new or revised financial |
| Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defi   | ned in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  | s □ No ⊠  |                             |
| Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:   |  |   |                             |
| Title of each class   | Trading Symbol(s)                            | Name of each exchang  | e on which registered       |
| None  | None   | No  | ne                          |
| The number of shares of the issuer's Common Stock, \$.001 par value, out  | standing as of May 15, 2020 was 120,486,06   | 51.   |                             |

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# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# **Item 1. Financial Statements**

# PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

|  | March 31, 2020<br>(unaudited) |                  | D  | 2019             |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------|----|------------------|
| ASSETS   |                               |                  |    |                  |
| Control investments at fair value (cost of \$27,508,246 and \$27,486,442, respectively)  | \$                            | 8,689,605        | \$ | 13,194,543       |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments at fair value (cost of \$27,849,548 and \$27,759,011, respectively)                        |                               | 17,210,026       |    | 20,157,959       |
| Total investments at fair value (cost of \$55,357,794 and \$55,245,453, respectively)  |                               | 25,899,631       |    | 33,352,502       |
| Cash   |                               | 177,525          |    | 357,692          |
| Restricted cash  |                               | 25,405           |    | 25,294           |
| Due from portfolio companies   |                               | 249,522          |    | 222,133          |
| Interest receivable, net of allowance for bad debt of \$413,928  |                               | 85,562           |    | 83,687           |
| Taxes receivable   |                               | 40,673           |    | 44,750           |
| Prepaid expenses   |                               | 143,048          |    | 25,721           |
| Other receivable   |                               |                  |    | 2,689            |
| Total assets   |                               | 26,621,366       |    | 34,114,468       |
| LIADH ITHE   |                               |                  |    |                  |
| LIABILITIES  |                               | 260.501          |    | 205 120          |
| Accrued management fees  |                               | 368,591          |    | 285,138          |
| Accounts payable Due to affiliates   |                               | 222,737          |    | 251,704          |
|  |                               | 271,067<br>9,051 |    | 202,500<br>7,000 |
| Tax expense payable Deferred fee income  |                               | 60,182           |    | 69,208           |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities   |                               | 133.793          |    |                  |
| Total liabilities  |                               | ,                | _  | 18,589           |
| 1 OTAL HADINTIES   | _                             | 1,065,421        | _  | 834,139          |
| Net assets   | \$                            | 25,555,945       | \$ | 33,280,329       |
|  | Ψ                             | 23,333,743       | Ψ  | 33,200,327       |
| NET ASSETS   |                               |                  |    |                  |
| Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (250,000,000 shares authorized; 120,486,061 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, |                               |                  |    |                  |
| 2020 and December 31, 2019)  | \$                            | 120,486          | \$ | 120,486          |
| Paid-in capital  |                               | 64,868,884       |    | 64,868,884       |
| Accumulated undistributed net realized loss  |                               | (745,622)        |    | (745,622)        |
| Distributions in excess of net investment income   |                               | (9,229,640)      |    | (9,070,468)      |
| Accumulated unrealized loss on investments   |                               | (29,458,163)     |    | (21,892,951)     |
| Total net assets   | \$                            | 25,555,945       | \$ | 33,280,329       |
| Net asset value per share  | \$                            | 0.212            | \$ | 0.276            |
|  |                               |                  |    |                  |

# PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

|  |                | nths Ended<br>ch 31, |
|--|----------------|----------------------|
|  | 2020           | 2019                 |
| INVESTMENT INCOME  |                |                      |
| Interest income from non-control/non-affiliate investments     | \$ 203,032     | \$ 164,203           |
| Interest income from control investments                       | -              | 98,289               |
| Interest income paid-in-kind from control investments          | 21,804         | 17,062               |
| Other income from non-control/non-affiliate investments        | 9,025          | 6,190                |
| Other income from non-investment sources                       | 235            | 1,868                |
| Total investment income  | 234,096        | 287,612              |
| OPERATING EXPENSES   |                |                      |
| Management fees  | 83,453         | 98,279               |
| Administration fees  | 98,750         | 105,000              |
| Audit fees   | 51,500         | 127,120              |
| Tax preparation fees   | 470            | 5,500                |
| Legal fees   | 32,317         | 53,999               |
| Valuation fees   | 42,000         | 52,470               |
| Directors' fees  | 37,500         | 38,625               |
| Insurance expense  | 24,171         | 30,257               |
| Other general and administrative expenses                      | 21,056         | 22,572               |
| Total operating expenses                                       | 391,217        | 533,822              |
| Net investment loss before tax                                 | (157,121)      | (246,210)            |
| Income tax expense   | 2,051          | 1,375                |
| Net investment loss after taxes                                | (159,172)      | (247,585)            |
| Net investment loss after taxes                                | (139,172)      | (247,383)            |
| Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on:                       |                |                      |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments                          | (3,038,470)    | 132,823              |
| Control investments  | (4,526,742)    | (303,274)            |
| Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments            | (7,565,212)    | (170,451)            |
| Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations           | \$ (7,724,384) | \$ (418,036)         |
|  |                |                      |
| Net investment loss per share                                  |                |                      |
| Basic  | \$ (0.001)     |                      |
| Diluted  | \$ (0.001)     | \$ (0.002)           |
| Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share |                | (0.000)              |
| Basic  | \$ (0.064)     |                      |
| Diluted  | \$ (0.064)     | \$ (0.003)           |
| Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding            | 120 100 001    | 120 406 061          |
| Basic  | 120,486,061    | 120,486,061          |
| Diluted  | 120,486,061    | 120,486,061          |

# PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited)

|  |    | Three Months Ended March 31, |    |             |  |  |
|--|----|------------------------------|----|-------------|--|--|
|  |    | 2020                         |    | 2019        |  |  |
| Net assets at beginning of year                      | \$ | 33,280,329                   | \$ | 41,554,951  |  |  |
| Decrease in net assets resulting from operations:    |    |                              |    |             |  |  |
| Net investment loss                                  | \$ | (159,172)                    | \$ | (247,585)   |  |  |
| Net realized gain (loss) on investments              |    | -                            |    | -           |  |  |
| Net change in unrealized gain/(loss) on investments  |    | (7,565,212)                  |    | (170,451)   |  |  |
| Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations |    | (7,724,384)                  |    | (418,036)   |  |  |
| Total decrease in net assets                         |    | (7,724,384)                  |    | (418,036)   |  |  |
| Net assets at end of period                          | \$ | 25,555,945                   | \$ | 41,136,915  |  |  |
|  | _  |                              |    |             |  |  |
| Capital share activity:                              |    |                              |    |             |  |  |
| Common stock   |    |                              |    |             |  |  |
| Common stock outstanding at the beginning of period  |    | 120,486,061                  |    | 120,486,061 |  |  |
| Common stock outstanding at the end of period        |    | 120,486,061                  |    | 120,486,061 |  |  |

#### PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

**Three Months Ended** 

March 31, 2019 2020 Cash flows from operating activities: \$ Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations (7,724,384)\$ (418,036)Adjustments to reconcile net decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities: Purchases of investments in: Portfolio investments (1,686,128) (90,537)Proceeds from sales, repayments, or maturity of investments in: Portfolio investments 184,667 Net change in unrealized (gain)/loss on investments 7,565,212 170,451 Increase in investments due to PIK (21,804)(17,062)Changes in other assets and liabilities: Due from portfolio companies (27,389)(4,906)Interest receivable (1,875)(46,280)(117,327)(98,073) Prepaid expenses Taxes receivable 4,077 Other receivable 2,689 Accrued management fees 83,453 16,982 Accounts payable (28,967)73,171 Due to affiliates 68,567 Tax expense payable 2,051 1,375 Deferred fee income (9,026)(6,189)115,204 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 110,644 Net cash used in operating activities (180,056) (1,719,384)(180,056) (1,719,384)Net decrease in cash and restricted cash Cash and restricted cash at beginning of period 382,986 2,575,620 Cash and restricted cash at end of period 202,930 856,236

#### PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS as of March 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

Principal Amount/ Fair Shares/ % of Value (1) Investments Headquarters / Industry % Ownership Amortized Cost Net Assets Portfolio Investments (6) Control investments Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc. Houston, TX Second Lien Loan, 12.0% Cash, due 11/30/2021(2) (5) (7) 4,500,000 4,500,000 1,254,523 4.91% Staffing \$ Unsecured loan 6.33% PIK, due 12/31/2020 (3) (7) 1,403,390 1,403,390 -% Common Stock - Series A (5) (7) 225,000 10,150 -% Common Stock - Series B (5) (7) 9,500,000 428,571 -% Warrant for 250,000 Shares of Series A Common Stock, exercise price \$0.01 per share, expires 1/1/2027 (5) (7) 1 11,278 -% Warrant for 700,000 Shares of Series A Common Stock, exercise price \$0.01 per share, expires 1/1/2027 (5) (7) -% 6,353,389 1,254,523 4.91% Total **Dominion Medical Management, Inc.** Milwaukee, WI Second Lien Loan, 12.0% Cash, 6% PIK due, Medical Business Services 3/31/2020 (2) (3) (5) (7) \$ 1,516,144 1,516,144 380,223 1.49% Integrated Medical Partners, LLC Preferred Membership, Class A units<sup>(5) (7)</sup> 800 4,196,937 -% Preferred Membership, Class B units (5) (7) 760 29,586 -% Common Units (5) (7) 14,082 -% 5,742,667 380,223 1.49% Total Karnes City, TX PCC SBH Sub, Inc. Common stock (5) (7) 100 **Energy Services** 2,525,481 1,660,676 6.50% Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc. Richardson, TX First Lien Loan, 8% Cash, 6.0% PIK, due Casual Dining 3/31/2018 (2) (3) (5) (7) \$ 6,352,944 11.59% 6,352,944 2,961,801 Revolving Loan, 8% PIK, due 12/31/2020 (2)(3)(5) (7) \$ 2,384,169 2,384,169 2,432,382 9.52% Rockfish Holdings, LLC Warrant for Membership Interest, exercise price \$0.001 per 1% membership interest, expires 7/28/2028 (5) (7) 10.0% 414,960 -% Membership Interest – Class A (5) (7) 99.997% 3,734,636 -% 21.11% 12,886,709 5,394,183 Total 27,508,246 8,689,605 34.01% **Total control investments** Non-control/non-affiliate investments Capital Foundry Funding, LLC Pittsburgh, PA Second Lien Loan, US Prime Rate (4.25% floor) and 8.16% Financial Services 1,000,000 collateral management fee, due 4/21/2020 \$ 1,000,000 981,250 3.84% Great Value Storage, LLC Austin, TX First Lien Loan, 12.0% cash, 2.0% PIK, due 12/31/2018 (2) (3) (5) (7) (8) Storage Company Property Management 6,800,586 6,800,586 5,311,356 20.78%

See notes to financial statements (unaudited).

\$

8,166,672

8,166,672

6,694,030

26.19%

Houston, TX

Real Estate Development

Lone Star Brewery Development, Inc.

2/13/2020 (2) (3) (5) (7) (9)

Second Lien Loan, 12.0% cash, 2.0% PIK, due

#### PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS as of March 31, 2020 (Unaudited) (Continued)

Principal

| Investments Non-control/non-affiliate investments (continued) | Headquarters / Industry  | %  | Amount/<br>Shares/<br>Ownership | An | nortized Cost | Fair<br>Value <sup>(1)</sup> | % of<br>Net Assets |
|---|--------------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|---------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Performance Alloys, LLC                                       | Houston, TX              |    |                                 |    |               |                              |                    |
| Second Lien Loan, 10.0% cash, due 9/30/2022 (7)               | Nickel Pipe,             | \$ | 6,750,000                       | \$ | 6,750,000     | \$<br>4,222,190              | 16.52%             |
| Membership Interest – Class B <sup>(5)</sup> (7)              | Fittings & Flanges       |    | 25.97%                          |    | 5,131,090     | _                            | -%                 |
| Total   |                          |    |                                 |    | 11,881,090    | 4,222,190                    | 16.52%             |
| Rampart Detection Systems, Ltd.                               | British Columbia, Canada |    |                                 |    |               |                              |                    |
| Common Stock Shares (4) (5)                                   | Security                 |    | 600,000                         |    | 1,200         | 1,200                        | -%                 |
| Total non-control/non-affiliate investments                   |                          |    |                                 |    | 27,849,548    | 17,210,026                   | 67.33%             |
| Total Portfolio Investments                                   |                          |    |                                 |    | 55,357,794    | 25,899,631                   | 101.34%            |
|   |                          |    |                                 |    |               |                              |                    |
| Total Investments   |                          |    |                                 | \$ | 55,357,794    | \$<br>25,899,631             | 101.34%            |

- (1) See Note 5 of the Notes to Financial Statements for a discussion of the methodologies used to value securities in the portfolio.
- (2) Investment is on non-accrual status.
- (3) Represents a security with a payment-in-kind component ("PIK"). At the option of the issuer, interest can be paid in cash or cash and PIK. The percentage of PIK shown is the maximum PIK that can be elected by the portfolio company.
- (4) The investment in Rampart Detection Systems, Ltd does not represent a "qualifying asset" under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act as the principal place of business is in British Columbia, Canada. As of March 31, 2020, less than 1% of the total fair value of investments represents non-qualifying assets.
- (5) Investment is non-income producing as of March 31, 2020.
- (6) Represents an illiquid investment. At March 31, 2020, 100% of the total fair value of portfolio investments are illiquid.
- (7) Represents an investment valued using significant unobservable inputs.
- (8) On March 14, 2019, the Company filed a lawsuit against Great Value Storage, LLC due to a breach of contract. See Note 8 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The Company has not received financial statements since August 2018.
- (9) See Note 10 of the Notes to Financial Statements for a subsequent event for the Company's investment in Lone Star Brewery Development, Inc.

# PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS as of March 31, 2020 (Unaudited) (Continued)

The following tables show the fair value of our portfolio of investments (excluding U.S. Treasury Bills, if any) by geography and industry as of March 31, 2020.

|               | March                        | 31, 2020 |
|---------------|------------------------------|----------|
| Geography     | Investments at<br>Fair Value |          |
| United States | \$ 25,898,431                | 101.34%  |
| Canada        | 1,200                        | 0.00     |
| Total         | \$ 25,899,631                | 101.34%  |

|                                     | March 31, 2020 |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Industry                            |                | vestments at<br>Fair Value | Percentage of<br>Net Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Nickel Pipe, Fittings and Flanges   | \$             | 4,222,190                  | 16.52%                      |  |  |  |  |
| Casual Dining                       |                | 5,394,183                  | 21.11                       |  |  |  |  |
| Real Estate Development             |                | 6,694,030                  | 26.19                       |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Company Property Management |                | 5,311,356                  | 20.78                       |  |  |  |  |
| Staffing                            |                | 1,254,523                  | 4.91                        |  |  |  |  |
| Energy Services                     |                | 1,660,676                  | 6.50                        |  |  |  |  |
| Medical Business Services           |                | 380,223                    | 1.49                        |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Services                  |                | 981,250                    | 3.84                        |  |  |  |  |
| Security                            |                | 1,200                      | 0.00                        |  |  |  |  |
| Total                               | \$             | 25,899,631                 | 101.34%                     |  |  |  |  |

# PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS as of December 31, 2019

Principal Amount/

|   |                                     |     | Amount/<br>Shares/ |                |            |    | Fair        | % of       |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|----------------|------------|----|-------------|------------|--|
| Investments   | Headquarters / Industry             | %   | Ownership          | Amortized Cost |            |    | Value (1)   | Net Assets |  |
| Portfolio Investments (6)   |                                     |     |                    |                |            | _  |             |            |  |
| Control investments   |                                     |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc.                                     | Houston, TX                         |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| Second Lien Loan, 12% Cash, due 11/30/2021 <sup>(2) (5) (7)</sup>               | Staffing                            | \$  | 4,500,000          | \$             | 4,500,000  | \$ | 2,816,265   | 8.46%      |  |
| Unsecured loan 6.33%, due 12/31/2020 (3) (7)                                    |                                     | \$  | 1,381,586          |                | 1,381,586  |    | -           | -%         |  |
| Common Stock – Series A (5) (7)   |                                     |     | 225,000            |                | 10,150     |    | -           | -%         |  |
| Common Stock – Series B (5) (7)   |                                     |     | 9,500,000          |                | 428,571    |    | _           | -%         |  |
| Warrant for 250,000 Shares of Series A Common Stock,                            |                                     |     | ,,,,,,,,,,         |                | ,,,,,      |    |             | , ,        |  |
| exercise price \$0.01 per share, expires 1/1/2027 <sup>(5)</sup> (7)            |                                     |     | 1                  |                | 11,278     |    | -           | -%         |  |
| Warrant for 700,000 Shares of Series A Common Stock,                            |                                     |     |                    |                | ,          |    |             |            |  |
| exercise price \$0.01 per share, expires 1/1/2027 (5) (7)                       |                                     |     | 1                  |                | -          |    | -           | -%         |  |
| Total   |                                     |     |                    |                | 6,331,585  |    | 2,816,265   | 8.46%      |  |
| Dominion Medical Management, Inc.   | Milwaukee, WI                       |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| Second Lien Loan, 12.0% Cash, 6% PIK due,                                       | Medical Business Services           |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| 3/31/2020 (2) (3) (5) (7)   |                                     | \$  | 1,516,144          |                | 1,516,144  |    | 1,266,245   | 3.80%      |  |
| Integrated Medical Partners, LLC  |                                     |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| Preferred Membership, Class A units <sup>(5) (7)</sup>                          |                                     |     | 800                |                | 4,196,937  |    | -           | -%         |  |
| Preferred Membership, Class B units (5) (7)                                     |                                     |     | 760                |                | 29,586     |    | -           | -%         |  |
| Common Units (5) (7)  |                                     |     | 14,082             |                | -          |    | -           | -%         |  |
| Total   |                                     |     | ,                  |                | 5,742,667  |    | 1,266,245   | 3.80%      |  |
| PCC SBH Sub, Inc.   | Karnes City, TX                     |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
|   | Energy Services                     |     | 100                |                | 2,525,481  |    | 1,654,677   | 4.97%      |  |
| Common stock (5) (7)  | D. 1                                |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc.  | Richardson, TX                      |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| First Lien Loan, 8% Cash, 6.0% PIK, due 3/31/2018 (2) (3) (5)                   | Casual Dining                       |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| (7)   |                                     | \$  | 6,352,944          |                | 6,352,944  |    | 5,073,470   | 15.24%     |  |
| Revolving Loan, 8% PIK, due 12/31/2020 <sup>(3) (7)</sup>                       |                                     | \$  | 2,384,169          |                | 2,384,169  |    | 2,383,886   | 7.16%      |  |
| Rockfish Holdings, LLC  |                                     | _   | _,_,_,             |                | _,,,       |    | _,_ ,_ ,_ , |            |  |
| Warrant for Membership Interest, exercise price \$0.001 per 1%                  |                                     |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| membership interest, expires 7/28/2028 (5) (7)                                  |                                     |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
|   |                                     |     | 10.0%              |                | 414,960    |    | -           | -%         |  |
| Membership Interest – Class A <sup>(5)</sup> (7)                                |                                     |     | 99.997%            |                | 3,734,636  | _  |             | -%         |  |
| Total   |                                     |     |                    |                | 12,886,709 | _  | 7,457,356   | 22.40%     |  |
| Total control investments   |                                     |     |                    |                | 27,486,442 | _  | 13,194,543  | 39.63%     |  |
| Non control/non offlicto investments  |                                     |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments Capital Foundry Funding, LLC              | Pittsburgh, PA                      |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| Second Lien Loan, US Prime Rate (4.25% floor) and 8.16%                         | Financial Services                  |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| collateral management fee, due 4/21/2020  | Timenoral Services                  | \$  | 1,000,000          |                | 1,000,000  |    | 1,000,000   | 3.00%      |  |
| Great Value Storage, LLC  | Austin, TX                          |     | , ,                |                | , ,        |    | , ,         |            |  |
| First Lien Loan, 12.0% cash, 2.0% PIK, due                                      |                                     |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| 12/31/2018 (2) (3) (5) (7) (8)  | Storage Company                     |     |                    |                |            |    |             | 40.000/    |  |
| Long Stay Dyayyawy Dayyalammart In-   | Property Management                 | \$  | 6,800,586          |                | 6,800,586  |    | 6,282,817   | 18.88%     |  |
| Lone Star Brewery Development, Inc. Second Lien Loan, 12.0% cash, 2.0% PIK, due | Houston, TX Real Estate Development |     |                    |                |            |    |             |            |  |
| Second Lien Loan, 12.0% cash, 2.0% PTK, due $2/13/2020^{(2)(3)(5)(7)}$          | Real Estate Development             | e e | 9 076 125          |                | 9.076.125  |    | 7 556 556   | 22.710/    |  |
| 2/13/2020 (=) (=) (=)   |                                     | \$  | 8,076,135          |                | 8,076,135  |    | 7,556,556   | 22.71%     |  |

### PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS as of December 31, 2019 (Continued)

| Investments Non-control/non-affiliate investments (continued) | Headquarters / Industry  | %  | Principal<br>Amount/<br>Shares/<br>Ownership | An | nortized Cost | <br>Fair<br>Value <sup>(1)</sup> | % of<br>Net Assets |
|---|--------------------------|----|--|----|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Performance Alloys, LLC                                       | Houston, TX              |    |  |    |               |                                  |                    |
| Second Lien Loan, 10% cash, due 9/30/2022 (7)                 | Nickel Pipe,             | \$ | 6,750,000                                    | \$ | 6,750,000     | \$<br>5,317,386                  | 15.98%             |
| Membership Interest – Class B <sup>(5)</sup> (7)              | Fittings & Flanges       |    | 25.97%                                       |    | 5,131,090     | -                                | -%                 |
| Total   |                          |    |  |    | 11,881,090    | 5,317,386                        | 15.98%             |
| Rampart Detection Systems, Ltd.                               | British Columbia, Canada |    |  |    |               |                                  |                    |
| Common Stock Shares (4) (5)                                   | Security                 |    | 600,000                                      |    | 1,200         | 1,200                            | -%                 |
| Total non-control/non-affiliate investments                   |                          |    |  |    | 27,759,011    | 20,157,959                       | 60.57%             |
| Total Portfolio Investments                                   |                          |    |  |    | 55,245,453    | 33,352,502                       | 100.20%            |
|   |                          |    |  |    |               |                                  |                    |
| Total Investments   |                          |    |  | \$ | 55 245 453    | \$<br>33, 352, 502               | 100.20%            |

- (1) See Note 5 of the Notes to Financial Statements for a discussion of the methodologies used to value securities in the portfolio.
- (2) Investment is on non-accrual status.
- (3) Represents a security with a payment-in-kind component ("PIK"). At the option of the issuer, interest can be paid in cash or cash and PIK. The percentage of PIK shown is the maximum PIK that can be elected by the portfolio company.
- (4) The investment in Rampart Detection Systems, Ltd does not represent a "qualifying asset" under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act as the principal place of business is in British Columbia, Canada. As of December 31, 2019, less than 1% of the total fair value of investments represents non-qualifying assets.
- (5) Investment is non-income producing as of December 31, 2019.
- (6) Represents an illiquid investment. At December 31, 2019, 100% of the total fair value of portfolio investments are illiquid.
- (7) Represents an investment valued using significant unobservable inputs.
- (8) On March 14, 2019, the Company filed a lawsuit against Great Value Storage, LLC due to a breach of contract. See Note 8 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The Company has not received financial statements since August 2018.

# PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS as of December 31, 2019 (Continued)

The following tables show the fair value of our portfolio of investments (excluding U.S. Treasury Bills) by geography and industry as of December 31, 2019.

|                                     | Decembe                      | er 31, 2019                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Geography                           | Investments at<br>Fair Value | Percentage of<br>Net Assets |
| United States                       | \$ 33,351,302                | 100.20%                     |
| Canada                              | 1,200                        | 0.00                        |
| Total                               | \$ 33,352,502                | 100.20%                     |
|                                     | Decemb                       | er 31, 2019                 |
| Industry                            | Investments at Fair Value    | Percentage of<br>Net Assets |
| Casual Dining                       | \$ 7,457,356                 | 22.40%                      |
| Real Estate Development             | 7,556,556                    | 22.71                       |
| Storage Company Property Management | 6,282,817                    | 18.88                       |
| Nickel Pipe, Fittings and Flanges   | 5,317,386                    | 15.98                       |
| Staffing                            | 2,816,265                    | 8.46                        |
| Medical Business Services           | 1,266,245                    | 3.80                        |
| Energy Services                     | 1,654,677                    | 4.97                        |
| Financial Services                  | 1,000,000                    | 3.00                        |
| Security                            | 1,200                        | -                           |
| Total                               | \$ 33,352,502                | 100.20%                     |
| 10                                  |                              |                             |

#### NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS

References herein to "we", "us" or "our" refer to Princeton Capital Corporation (the "Company" or "Princeton Capital"), unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Princeton Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation, was incorporated under the general laws of the State of Maryland on July 25, 2013. We are a non-diversified, closed-end investment company that has filed an election to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC"), under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, our goal is to annually qualify and elect to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Company, however, did not meet the requirements to qualify as a RIC for the 2019 tax year and was taxed as a corporation under Subchapter C of the Code for 2019. We invest primarily in private small and lower middle-market companies through first lien loans, second lien loans, unitranche and mezzanine debt financing, often times with a corresponding equity investment. Our investment objective is to maximize the total return to our stockholders in the form of current income and capital appreciation through debt and related equity investments.

Prior to March 13, 2015, Princeton Capital's predecessor operated under the name Regal One Corporation ("Regal One"). Regal One had been located in Scottsdale, Arizona, and was a Florida corporation initially incorporated in 1959 as Electro-Mechanical Services Inc. Since inception, Regal One had been involved in several industries. In 1998, Electro-Mechanical Services Inc. changed its name to Regal One Corporation.

On March 7, 2005, Regal One's board of directors determined it was in the shareholders' best interest to change the focus of its operations to providing financial consulting services through its network of advisors and professionals, and to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. On September 16, 2005, Regal One filed a Form N54A (Notification of Election by Business Development Companies) with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), which transformed Regal One into a BDC in accordance with sections 55 through 65 of the 1940 Act. Regal One reported as an operating BDC from March 31, 2006 until March 13, 2015 and since March 13, 2015 (following the Reincorporation described below) Princeton Capital has reported as an operating BDC.

From June 9, 2016 through December 31, 2017, Princeton Advisory Group, Inc., a New Jersey corporation ("Princeton Advisory Group") acted as the Company's investment advisory pursuant to the terms of an investment advisory agreement between the Company and Princeton Advisory Group (the "PAG Investment Advisory Agreement").

On December 27, 2017, the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") determined that it would be in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders to terminate the PAG Investment Advisory Agreement and terminated Princeton Advisory Group as the Company's investment advisor, effective as of December 31, 2017 at 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time. Also on December 27, 2017, the Board approved (specifically in accordance with Rule 15a-4(b)(1)(ii) of the Investment Company Act) and authorized the Company to enter into an Interim Investment Advisory Agreement between the Company and House Hanover, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("House Hanover") (the "Interim Investment Advisory Agreement"), in accordance with Rule 15a-4 of the Investment Company Act. The effective date of the Interim Investment Advisory Agreement was January 1, 2018.

On April 5, 2018, the Board, including a majority of the independent directors, conditionally approved the Investment Advisory Agreement between the Company and House Hanover (the "House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement") subject to the approval of the Company's stockholders at the 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement replaced the Interim Investment Advisory Agreement. On May 30, 2018, the Company's stockholders approved the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement. The effective date of the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement was May 31, 2018.

Since January 1, 2018, House Hanover has acted as our investment advisor under the Interim Investment Advisory Agreement (from January 1, 2018 until May 31, 2018) and the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement (since May 31, 2018).

On November 15, 2019, our Board announced that the Company has initiated a strategic review process to identify, examine, and consider a range of strategic alternatives available to the Company, including but not limited to, (i) selling the Company's assets to a business development company or other potential buyer, (ii) merging with another business development company, (iii) liquidating the Company's assets in accordance with a plan of liquidation, (iv) raising additional funds for the Company, or (v) otherwise entering into another business combination, with the objective of maximizing stockholder value.

#### NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, ("U.S. GAAP"). In accordance with Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933 and Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company does not consolidate portfolio company investments. The accounting records of the Company are maintained in U.S. dollars. As an investment company, as defined by the 1940 Act, the Company follows investment company accounting and reporting guidance of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 946 – Financial Services - Investment Companies, which is U.S. GAAP. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation are reflected in the interim financial statements. The reported amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2020 may not be indicative of the results ultimately achieved for the year ended December 31, 2020 which will be presented in the Company's annual report on form 10-K.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of our portfolio companies and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ. It is likely that changes in these estimates will occur in the near term. The Company's estimates are inherently subjective in nature and actual results could differ materially from such estimates.

#### Portfolio Investment Classification

The Company classifies its investments in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are defined as investments in companies in which the Company owns more than 25% of the voting securities or maintains greater than 50% of the board representation. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliated Investments" are defined as those non-control investments in companies in which the Company owns between 5% and 25% of the voting securities. Under the 1940 Act, "Non-affiliated Investments" are defined as investments that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliated Investments. As of March 31, 2020, the Company had control investments in Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc., PCC SBH Sub, Inc., Rockfish Holdings, LLC, Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc., Integrated Medical Partners, LLC and Dominion Medical Management, Inc. as defined under the 1940 Act. As of December 31, 2019, Company had control investments in Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc., PCC SBH Sub, Inc., Rockfish Holdings, LLC, Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc., Integrated Medical Partners, LLC and Dominion Medical Management, Inc. as defined under the 1940 Act.

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forgo the risks for gains and losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Investments in other non-security financial instruments, such as limited partnerships or private companies, are recorded on the basis of subscription date or redemption date, as applicable. Amounts for investments recognized or derecognized but not yet settled are reported as receivables for investments sold or payable for investments acquired, respectively, in the Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

#### Valuation of Investments

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, our board of directors uses various valuation approaches. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs and is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available.

Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the board of directors. Unobservable inputs reflect our board of director's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, our board of directors undertakes a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

- Our quarterly valuation process begins with each portfolio company or investment being initially valued by an independent valuation firm, except for those investments where market quotations are readily available;
- · Preliminary valuation conclusions are then documented and discussed with our senior management and our investment advisor
- The valuation committee of our board of directors then reviews these preliminary valuations and approves them for recommendation to the board of directors;
- The board of directors then discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith, based on the input of our investment advisor, the independent valuation firm and the valuation committee.

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value that includes a hierarchy used to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors including, the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the board of directors in determining fair value is greatest for securities categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a security to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy.

#### Valuation Processes

The Company establishes valuation processes and procedures to ensure that the valuation techniques for investments that are categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are fair, consistent, and verifiable. The Company's board of directors designates a Valuation Committee (the "Committee") to oversee the entire valuation process of the Company's Level 3 investments. The Committee is comprised of independent directors and reports to the Company's board of directors. The Committee is responsible for developing the Company's written valuation processes and procedures, conducting periodic reviews of the valuation policies, and evaluating the overall fairness and consistent application of the valuation policies.

The Committee meets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently as needed, to determine the valuations of the Company's Level 3 investments. Valuations determined by the Committee are required to be supported by market data, third-party pricing sources, industry accepted pricing models, counterparty prices, or other methods that the Committee deems to be appropriate.

The Company will periodically test its valuations of Level 3 investments through performing back testing of the sales of such investments by comparing the amounts realized against the most recent fair values reported, and if necessary, uses the findings to recalibrate its valuation procedures. On a quarterly basis, the Company engages the services of a nationally recognized third-party valuation firm to perform an independent valuation of the Company's Level 3 investments. Beginning with the period ending June 30, 2019, the Company engaged a new third-party valuation firm to perform its independent valuations of the Company's Level 3 investments. This valuation firm provides a range of values for selected investments, which is presented to the Valuation Committee to determine the value for each of the selected investments.

#### **Investment Valuation**

We expect that most of our portfolio investments will take the form of securities that are not publicly traded. The fair value of loans, securities and other investments that are not publicly traded may not be readily determinable, and we will value these investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors, including reflecting significant events affecting the value of our investments. Most, if not all, of our investments (other than cash and cash equivalents) will be classified as Level 3 under Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures", or ASC 820. This means that our portfolio valuations will be based on unobservable inputs and our own assumptions about how market participants would price the asset or liability in question. We expect that inputs into the determination of fair value of our portfolio investments will require significant management judgment or estimation. Even if observable market data are available, such information may be the result of consensus pricing information or broker quotes, which include a disclaimer that the broker would not be held to such a price in an actual transaction. The non-binding nature of consensus pricing and/or quotes accompanied by disclaimers materially reduces the reliability of such information. We expect to retain the services of one or more independent service providers to review the valuation of these loans and securities. The types of factors that the board of directors may take into account in determining the fair value of our investments generally include, as appropriate, comparison to publicly traded securities including such factors as yield, maturity and measures of credit quality, the enterprise value of a portfolio company, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business and other relevant factors. Because suc

We will adjust the valuation of our portfolio quarterly to reflect our board of directors' determination of the fair value of each investment in our portfolio. Any changes in fair value are recorded in our statement of operations as net change in unrealized gain or loss on investments.

#### Debt Securities

The Company's portfolio consists primarily of first lien loans, second lien loans, and unsecured loans. Investments for which market quotations are readily available ("Level 2 Loans") are generally valued using market quotations, which are generally obtained from an independent pricing service or broker-dealers. For other debt investments ("Level 3 Loans"), market quotations are not available and other techniques are used to determine fair value. The Company considers its Level 3 Loans to be performing if the borrower is not in default, the borrower is remitting payments in a timely manner, the loan is in covenant compliance or is otherwise not deemed to be impaired. In determining the fair value of the performing Level 3 Loans, the Board considers fluctuations in current interest rates, the trends in yields of debt instruments with similar credit ratings, financial condition of the borrower, economic conditions, success and prepayment fees, and other relevant factors, both qualitative and quantitative. In the event that a Level 3 Loan instrument is not performing, as defined above, the Board may evaluate the value of the collateral utilizing the same framework described above for a performing loan to determine the value of the Level 3 Loan instrument.

#### Equity Investments

Our equity investments, including common stock, membership interests, and warrants, are generally valued using a market approach and income approach. The income approach utilizes primarily the discount rate to value the investment whereas the primary inputs for the market approach are the earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") multiple and revenue multiples. The Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, a valuation technique that follows the income approach, is used to allocate the value of the equity to the investment. The pricing model takes into account the contract terms (including maturity) as well as multiple inputs, including time value, implied volatility, equity prices, risk free rates, and interest rates.

#### Valuation of Other Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of the Company's other, non-investment, financial instruments, consisting of cash, receivables, accounts payable, and accrued expenses, approximate fair value due to their short-term nature.

#### Cash and Restricted Cash

The Company deposits its cash and restricted cash in financial institutions and, at times, such balances may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limit; however, management does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and restricted cash reporting within the statements of assets and liabilities that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the statements of cash flows:

|                                | M  | March 31,<br>2020 |    | cember 31,<br>2019 |
|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|----|--------------------|
| Cash                           | \$ | 177,525           | \$ | 357,692            |
| Restricted Cash                |    | 25,405            |    | 25,294             |
| Total Cash and Restricted Cash | \$ | 202,930           | \$ | 382,986            |

As of March 31, 2020 restricted cash consisted of cash held for deposit with the law firm that represents the Company in its litigation with Great Value Storage, LLC. As of December 31, 2019 restricted cash consisted of cash held for deposit with the law firm that represents the Company in its litigation with Great Value Storage, LLC.

#### U.S. Treasury Bills

At the end of each fiscal quarter, we may take proactive steps to be in compliance with the RIC diversification requirements under Subchapter M of the Code, which are dependent upon the composition of our total assets at quarter end. We may accomplish this in several ways, including purchasing U.S. Treasury Bills and closing out positions after quarter-end. As of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company did not purchase any U.S. Treasury Bills.

#### Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method. The Company measures realized gains or losses by the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the amortized cost basis of the investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, but considering unamortized upfront fees and prepayment penalties.

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Origination, closing and/or commitment fees associated with senior and subordinated secured loans are accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans. Upon the prepayment of a senior or subordinated secured loan, any prepayment penalties and unamortized loan origination, closing and commitment fees are recorded as interest income. Generally, when a payment default occurs on a loan in the portfolio, or if the Company otherwise believes that borrower will not be able to make contractual interest payments, the Company may place the loan on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on the loan until all principal and interest is current through payment, or until a restructuring occurs, and the interest income is deemed to be collectible. The Company may make exceptions to this policy if a loan has sufficient collateral value, is in the process of collection or is viewed to be able to pay all amounts due if the loan were to be collected on through an investment in or sale of the business, the sale of the assets of the business, or some portion or combination thereof.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees, excess deal deposits, prepayment fees and similar fees are recognized as income as earned, usually when paid.

Other fee income from investment sources, includes annual fees and monitoring fees from our portfolio investments and are included in other income from non-control/non-affiliate investments and other income from affiliate investments. Income from such sources was \$9,025 and \$6,190 for the three months ended March 31, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

Other income from non-investment sources is generally comprised of interest income earned on cash in the Company's bank account. Income from such sources was \$235 and \$1,868 for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### Payment-in-Kind Interest ("PIK")

We have investments in our portfolio that contain a PIK interest provision. Any PIK interest is added to the principal balance of such investments and is recorded as income, if the portfolio company valuation indicates that such PIK interest is collectible. For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, PIK interest was \$21,804 and \$17,062, respectively. In order to qualify as a RIC, substantially all of this income must be paid out to stockholders in the form of dividends, even if we have not collected any cash.

#### Net Change in Unrealized Gain or Loss

Net change in unrealized gain or loss will reflect the change in portfolio investment values during the reporting period, including any reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation or depreciation, when gains or losses are realized.

#### **Legal Fees**

Legal fees invoiced to the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, were incurred in the normal operating course of business and are included in legal fees on the Statement of Operations.

#### Federal and State Income Taxes

The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for tax loss carryforwards and temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements, using statutory tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The Company did not meet the qualifications of a RIC for the 2019 tax year and will be taxed as a corporation under Subchapter C of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). The failure to qualify as a RIC, however, did not impact the 2019 tax year as the Company had net operating losses and no realized gains in the tax year. Further, the Company has net operating losses and capital losses from prior years it can carry forward to offset taxable income.

The Company does not expect to meet the qualifications of a RIC for the 2020 tax year and is likely to be taxed as a corporation under Subchapter C of the Code. However, in the event that the Company does meet the qualifications of a RIC for the 2020 tax year, it may not be in the best interests of the Company's stockholders to elect to be taxed as a RIC for the 2020 tax year due to the net operating losses and capital loss carryforwards the Company currently has. Management will make a determination that is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders.

In order to qualify as a RIC, among other things, the Company is required to distribute to its stockholders on a timely basis at least 90% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. If the Company achieves its status as a RIC, it generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal and state income taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that it distributes at least annually to its stockholders as dividends. Rather, any tax liability related to income earned by the Company will represent obligations of the Company's investors and will not be reflected in the financial statements of the Company.

The Company evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken while preparing its financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. The Company recognizes the tax benefits of uncertain tax positions only where the position has met the "more-likely-than-not" threshold. The Company classifies penalties and interest associated with income taxes, if any, as income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, ongoing analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof.

#### **Dividends and Distributions**

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a dividend is approved by our board of directors each quarter and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our earnings for the quarter. For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, and through the date of issuance of this report, no dividends have been declared or distributed to stockholders.

#### Per Share Information

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented.

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing earnings (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net earnings (loss) per share by the weighted average number of shares outstanding, plus, any potentially dilutive shares outstanding during the period. For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share were the same, since there were no potentially dilutive securities outstanding.

#### **Capital Accounts**

Certain capital accounts including undistributed net investment income, accumulated net realized gain or loss, accumulated net unrealized gain or loss, and paid-in capital in excess of par, are adjusted, at least annually, for permanent differences between book and tax. In addition, the character of income and gains to be distributed is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from U.S. GAAP.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In March 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-05, "Income Taxes (Topic 740); Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118". This ASU provides accounting and disclosure guidance relating to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act pursuant to the issuance of SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118. The guidance allows a company to report provisional amounts when reasonable estimates are determinable for certain income tax effects relating to the Act. These provisional amounts may give rise to new current or deferred taxes based on certain provisions within the Act, as well as adjustments to existing current or deferred taxes that existed prior to the Act's enactment date. The adoption of ASU 2018-05 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13 ("ASU 2018-13"), Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. The amendments in ASU 2018-13 on this update eliminate, add and modify certain disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted upon issuance of this update. An entity is permitted to early adopt any removed or modified disclosures upon issuance of this update and delay adoption of the additional disclosures until their effective date. Management has evaluated the new guidance, but does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### NOTE 3 – CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company maintains its cash balances in financial institutions, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company is subject to credit risk to the extent any financial institution with which it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. Management monitors the financial condition of such financial institutions and does not anticipate any losses from these counterparties.

#### NOTE 4 – NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS PER COMMON SHARE

The following information sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.

|   | Three Months Ended March 31, |             |    |             |  |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|----|-------------|--|
|   |                              | 2020        |    | (Unaudited) |  |
|   | (                            | (Unaudited) |    |             |  |
| Per Share Data <sup>(1)</sup> :   |                              |             |    |             |  |
| Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations                                    | \$                           | (7,724,384) | \$ | (418,036)   |  |
| Weighted average shares outstanding for period  |                              |             |    |             |  |
| Basic   |                              | 120,486,061 |    | 120,486,061 |  |
| Diluted   |                              | 120,486,061 |    | 120,486,061 |  |
| Basic and diluted net decrease in net assets resulting from operations per common share |                              |             |    |             |  |
| Basic   | \$                           | (0.064)     | \$ | (0.003)     |  |
| Diluted   | \$                           | (0.064)     | \$ | (0.003)     |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share data based on weighted average shares outstanding.

#### NOTE 5 – FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

The Company's assets recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC Topic 820 – Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASC 820"). See Note 2 for a discussion of the Company's policies.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively:

| ıl      |
|---------|
|         |
| 05,539  |
| 32,216  |
| -       |
| 61,876  |
| 399,631 |
| 99,631  |
| 5       |

|                             |       | As of December 31, 2019 |          |               |    |            |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------------|----------|---------------|----|------------|
|                             | Level | 1                       | Level 2  | Level 3       |    | Total      |
| Portfolio Investments       |       |                         |          |               |    |            |
| First Lien Loans            | \$    | - \$                    | -        | \$ 13,740,173 | \$ | 13,740,173 |
| Second Lien Loans           |       | -                       | -        | 17,956,452    |    | 17,956,452 |
| Unsecured Loans             |       | -                       | -        | -             |    | -          |
| Equity                      |       | <u> </u>                | <u>-</u> | 1,655,877     |    | 1,655,877  |
| Total Portfolio Investments |       |                         | -        | 33,352,502    |    | 33,352,502 |
| Total Investments           | \$    | - \$                    |          | \$ 33,352,502 | \$ | 33,352,502 |
|                             |       |                         |          |               |    |            |

During the three months ended March 31, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, there were no transfers between Level, 1, Level 2 or Level 3.

The following table presents additional information about Level 3 assets measured at fair value. Both observable and unobservable inputs may be used to determine the fair value of positions that the Company has classified within the Level 3 category. As a result, the unrealized gains and losses for assets within the Level 3 category may include changes in fair value that were attributable to both observable (e.g., changes in market interest rates) and unobservable (e.g., changes in unobservable long-dated volatilities) inputs.

Changes in Level 3 assets measured at fair value for the three months ended March 31, 2020 are as follows:

|   | First Lien<br>Loans | s  | econd Lien<br>Loans | Unsecured<br>Loans | <br>Equity      | <br>Total         |
|---|---------------------|----|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Fair value at beginning of period   | \$<br>13,740,173    | \$ | 17,956,452          | \$<br>-            | \$<br>1,655,877 | \$<br>33,352,502  |
| Amortization  | -                   |    | -                   | -                  | -               | -                 |
| Purchases of investments  | -                   |    | 90,537              | -                  | -               | 90,537            |
| Sales of investments  | -                   |    | -                   | -                  | -               | -                 |
| Payment-in-kind interest  | -                   |    | -                   | 21,804             | -               | 21,804            |
| Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments   | (3,034,634)         |    | (4,514,773)         | <br>(21,804)       | 5,999           | (7,565,212)       |
| Fair value at end of period   | \$<br>10,705,539    | \$ | 13,532,216          | \$<br>             | \$<br>1,661,876 | \$<br>25,899,631  |
| Change in unrealized gain (loss) on Level 3 investments still held as of March 31, 2020 | \$<br>(3,034,634)   | \$ | (4,514,773)         | \$<br>(21,804)     | \$<br>5,999     | \$<br>(7,565,212) |

Changes in Level 3 assets measured at fair value for the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

|  | First Lien<br>Loans | s  | Second Lien<br>Loans | Unsecured<br>Loans | Equity            | <br>Total         |
|--|---------------------|----|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Fair value at beginning of year  | \$<br>14,022,163    | \$ | 18,103,815           | \$<br>1,102,463    | \$<br>5,355,494   | \$<br>38,583,935  |
| Purchases of investments   | 430,000             |    | 1,586,128            | -                  | -                 | 2,016,128         |
| Sales of investments   | -                   |    | (241,994)            | (14,000)           | -                 | (255,994)         |
| Payment-in-kind interest   | 133,169             |    | 34,572               | 43,361             | -                 | 211,102           |
| Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments  | (845,159)           |    | (1,526,069)          | (1,131,824)        | (3,699,617)       | (7,202,669)       |
| Transfer due to restructuring  | -                   |    | -                    | -                  | -                 | -                 |
| Fair value at end of year  | \$<br>13,740,173    | \$ | 17,956,452           | \$<br>             | \$<br>1,655,877   | \$<br>33,352,502  |
| Change in unrealized gain (loss) on Level 3 investments still held as of December 31, 2019 | \$<br>(845,159)     | \$ | (1,526,069)          | \$<br>(1,131,824)  | \$<br>(3,699,617) | \$<br>(7,202,669) |

The following table provides quantitative information regarding Level 3 fair value measurements as of March 31, 2020:

| D 1.0                     | T             | W. J. W. D. J. J.         | Unobservable                        | <b>D</b> (4)                          |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Description               | Fair Value    | Valuation Technique       | Inputs                              | Range (Average)                       |
| First Lien Loans          | \$ 5,311,356  | Discounted Cash Flow      | Discount Rate                       | 40.00%-50.00% (45.00%)                |
|                           | 5,394,183     | Enterprise Value Coverage | EV / Store Level EBITDAR            | 3.50x-4.00x (3.75x)                   |
|                           |               |                           | Location Value                      | \$525,000-\$625,000 (\$575,000)       |
| Total                     | 10,705,539    |                           |                                     |                                       |
|                           |               |                           |                                     |                                       |
| Second Lien Loans         | 9,786,375     | Discounted Cash Flow      | Discount Rate                       | 14.15%-25.80% (20.44%)                |
|                           | 3,745,841     | Enterprise Value Coverage | EV / LTM Revenue multiple           | 0.23x-0.85x(0.48x)                    |
|                           |               |                           | EV / 2020 Adjusted revenue          | 0.55x-0.65x (0.60x)                   |
|                           |               |                           | EV / LTM EBITDA                     | 6.75x-7.25x (7.00x)                   |
| Total                     | 13,532,216    |                           |                                     |                                       |
|                           |               |                           |                                     |                                       |
| Unsecured Loans           | -             | Enterprise Value Coverage | EV / LTM Revenue multiple           | 0.23x-0.28x (0.25x)                   |
| Total                     |               |                           |                                     |                                       |
|                           |               |                           |                                     |                                       |
| Equity                    | -             | Enterprise Value Coverage | EV / LTM Revenue multiple           | 0.23x-0.85x (0.25x)                   |
|                           |               |                           | EV / 2020 Adjusted Revenue multiple | 0.55x-0.65x(0.60x)                    |
|                           |               |                           | EV / LTM EBITDA                     | 6.75x-7.25x (7.00x)                   |
|                           |               |                           | EV / Store Level EBITDAR            | 3.50x-4.00x (3.75x)                   |
|                           |               |                           | Location Value                      | \$525,000-\$625,000 (\$575,000)       |
|                           | 1,660,676     | Appraisal Value Coverage  | Cost Approach                       | \$1,350,000-\$1,650,000 (\$1,500,000) |
|                           |               |                           | Sales Comparison Approach           | \$1,440,000-\$1,760,000 (\$1,600,000) |
| Total                     | 1,660,676     |                           |                                     |                                       |
| Total Level 3 Investments | \$ 25,898,431 |                           |                                     |                                       |

Beginning with the period ending June 30, 2019, the Company engaged a new third-party valuation firm to perform its independent valuations for the Company's Level 3 investments.

The Company's remaining Level 3 investments aggregating approximately \$1,200 have been valued using unadjusted third party transactions. As a result, there were no unobservable inputs that have been internally developed by the Company in determining the fair values of these investments as of March 31, 2020.

The following table provides quantitative information regarding Level 3 fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

|                                  |    |            |                           | Unobservable               |                                       |
|----------------------------------|----|------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Description                      |    | Fair Value | Valuation Technique       | Inputs                     | Range (Average)                       |
|                                  |    |            |                           | <b>D</b> .                 | 22.22/. 12.22//27.22/                 |
| First Lien Loans                 | \$ | 6,282,817  | Discounted Cash Flow      | Discount Rate              | 30.0%-40.0%(35.0%)                    |
|                                  |    | 7,457,356  | Enterprise Value Coverage | EV / Store level EBITDAR   | 4.50x-5.00x(4.75x)                    |
|                                  | _  |            |                           | Location Value             | \$750,000-\$850,000 (\$800,000)       |
| Total                            |    | 13,740,173 |                           |                            |                                       |
|                                  | _  |            |                           |                            |                                       |
| Second Lien Loans                |    | 11,215,250 | Discounted Cash Flow      | Discount Rate              | 12.65%-23.0%(19.19%)                  |
|                                  |    | 6,741,202  | Enterprise Value Coverage | EV / LTM Revenue multiple  | 0.33x-0.38x(0.35x)                    |
|                                  |    |            |                           | EV / 2020 Adjusted Revenue | 0.55x-0.65x(0.60x)                    |
|                                  |    |            |                           | EV / MTD Annualized EBITDA | 7.00x-8.00x(7.50x)                    |
|                                  |    |            |                           | EV / CFY EBITDA            | 9.50x-10.00x(9.75x)                   |
| Total                            |    | 17,956,452 |                           |                            |                                       |
|                                  |    |            |                           |                            |                                       |
| Unsecured Loans                  |    | -          | Enterprise Value Coverage | EV / LTM Revenue multiple  | 0.33x-0.38x(0.35x)                    |
| Total                            |    | -          |                           |                            |                                       |
|                                  |    |            |                           |                            |                                       |
| Equity                           |    | -          | Enterprise Value Coverage | EV / LTM Revenue multiple  | 0.33x-0.38x(0.35x)                    |
|                                  |    |            | •                         | EV / 2020 Adjusted Revenue | 0.33x-0.38x(0.35x)                    |
|                                  |    |            |                           | EV / MTD Annualized EBITDA | 7.00x-8.00x (7.5x)                    |
|                                  |    |            |                           | EV / CFY EBITDA            | 9.50x-10.00x(9.75%)                   |
|                                  |    |            |                           | EV / Store Level EBITDAR   | 4.50x-5.00x(4.75%)                    |
|                                  |    |            |                           | Location Value             | \$750,000-\$850,000 (\$800,000)       |
|                                  |    | 1,654,677  | Appraisal Value Coverage  | Cost Approach              | \$1,341,000-\$1,639,000 (\$1,490,000) |
|                                  |    |            |                           | Sales Comparison Approach  | \$1,485,000-\$1,815,000 (\$1,650,000) |
| Total                            |    | 1,654,677  |                           |                            |                                       |
| <b>Total Level 3 Investments</b> | \$ | 33,351,302 |                           |                            |                                       |
|                                  |    |            |                           |                            |                                       |

The Company's remaining Level 3 investments aggregating approximately \$1,200 have been valued using unadjusted third party transactions. As a result, there were no unobservable inputs that have been internally developed by the Company in determining the fair values of these investments as of December 31, 2019.

As of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company used both market and income approaches to value certain equity investments as the Company felt this approach better reflected the fair value of these investments. By considering multiple valuation approaches (and consequently, multiple valuation techniques), the valuation approaches and techniques are not likely to change from one period of measurement to the next; however, the weighting of each in determining the final fair value of a Level 3 investment may change based on recent events or transactions. Refer to "Note 2—Significant Accounting Policies" for more detail.

The Company considers all relevant information that can reasonably be obtained when determining the fair value of Level 3 investments. Due to any given portfolio company's information rights, changes in capital structure, recent events, transactions, or liquidity events, the type and availability of unobservable inputs may change. Increases (decreases) in revenue multiples, earnings before interest and taxes ("EBIT") multiples, time to expiration, and stock price/strike price would result in higher (lower) fair values all else equal. Decreases (increases) in discount rates, volatility, and annual risk rates, would result in higher (lower) fair values all else equal. The market approach utilizes market value (revenue and EBIT) multiples of publicly traded comparable companies and available precedent sales transactions of comparable companies. The Company carefully considers numerous factors when selecting the appropriate companies whose multiples are used to value its portfolio companies. These factors include, but are not limited to, the type of organization, similarity to the business being valued, relevant risk factors, as well as size, profitability and growth expectations. In general, precedent transactions include recent rounds of financing, recent purchases made by the Company, and tender offers. Refer to "Note 2—Significant Accounting Policies" for more detail.

The primary significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement of the Company's debt securities (first lien loans, second lien loans and unsecured loans), including income-producing investments in funds, is the discount rate. Significant increases (decreases) in the discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. In determining the discount rate, for the income (discounted cash flow) or yield approach, the Company considers current market yields and multiples, portfolio company performance, leverage levels and credit quality, among other factors in its analysis. Changes in one or more of these factors can have a similar directional change on other factors in determining the appropriate discount rate to use in the income approach.

The primary significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's equity investments are the EBITDA multiple and revenue multiple, which is used to determine the Enterprise Value. Significant increases (decreases) in the Enterprise Value in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. To determine the Enterprise Value for the market approach, the Company considers current market trading and/or transaction multiples, portfolio company performance (financial ratios) relative to public and private peer companies and leverage levels, among other factors. Changes in one or more of these factors can have a similar directional change on other factors in determining the appropriate multiple to use in the market approach.

The primary unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's equity investments, when using an option pricing model to allocate the equity value to the investment, are the discount rate for lack of marketability and volatility. Significant increases (decreases) in the discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in the volatility in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. Changes in one or more factors can have a similar directional change on other factors in determining the appropriate discount rate or volatility to use in the valuation of equity using an option pricing model.

#### NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement

As disclosed elsewhere in this 10-Q (including Note 1), House Hanover has served as the Company's investment advisor since January 1, 2018 pursuant to the Interim Investment Advisory Agreement (until May 31, 2018) and the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement (since May 31, 2018).

#### Advisory Services

House Hanover is registered as an investment adviser under the 1940 Act and serves as the Company's investment advisor pursuant to the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement in accordance with the 1940 Act. House Hanover is owned by and an affiliate of Mr. Mark DiSalvo, the Company's Interim President, Interim Chief Executive Officer, and a director of the Company.

Subject to supervision by the Company's Board, House Hanover oversees the Company's day-to-day operations and provides the Company with investment advisory services. Under the terms of the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement, House Hanover, among other things: (i) determines the composition and allocation of the portfolio of the Company, the nature and timing of the changes therein and the manner of implementing such changes; (ii) identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments made by the Company; (iii) executes, closes, services and monitors the Company's investments; (iv) determines the securities and other assets that the Company shall purchase, retain, or sell; (v) performs due diligence on prospective portfolio companies; (vi) provides the Company with such other investment advisory, research and related services as the Company may, from time to time, reasonably require for the investment of its funds; and (vii) if directed by the Board, assists in the execution and closing of the sale of the Company's assets or a sale of the equity of the Company in one or more transactions. House Hanover's services under the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement may not be exclusive and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to the Company are not impaired. At the request of the Company, House Hanover, upon any transition of the Company's investment advisory relationship to another investment advisor or upon any internalization, shall provide reasonable transition assistance to the Company and any successor investment advisor.

#### Management Fee

Pursuant to the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company pays House Hanover a base management fee for investment advisory and management services. The cost of the base management fee is ultimately borne by the Company's stockholders. The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement does not contain an incentive fee component.

The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.00% of the Company's gross assets, including assets purchased with borrowed funds or other forms of leverage and excluding cash and cash equivalents net of all indebtedness of the Company for borrowed money and other liabilities of the Company. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and determined as set forth in the preceding sentence at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. The Board may retroactively adjust the valuation of the Company's assets and the resulting calculation of the base management fee in the event the Company or any of its assets are sold or transferred to an independent third party or the Company or House Hanover receives an audit report or other independent third party valuation of the Company. To the extent that any such adjustment increases or decreases the base management fee of any prior period, the Company will be obligated to pay the amount of increase to House Hanover or House Hanover will be obligated to refund the decreased amount, as applicable.

Management fees earned by House Hanover for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 were \$83,453 and \$98,279, respectively.

As of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, management fees of \$368,591 and \$285,138, respectively, were payable to House Hanover. House Hanover is allowing management fees to accrue and not be paid until such time as the Company has sufficient capital to pay them.

#### Incentive Fee

The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement does not obligate the Company to pay House Hanover an incentive fee. Incentive fees are a typical component of investment advisory agreements with business development companies.

#### Payment of Expenses

House Hanover bears all compensation expense (including health insurance, pension benefits, payroll taxes and other compensation related matters) of its employees and bear the costs of any salaries or directors' fees of any officers or directors of the Company who are affiliated persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) of House Hanover. However, House Hanover, subject to approval by the Board of the Company, is entitled to reimbursement for the portion of any compensation expense and the costs of any salaries of any such employees to the extent attributable to services performed by such employees for the Company. During the term of the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement, House Hanover will also bear all of its costs and expenses for office space rental, office equipment, utilities and other non-compensation related overhead allocable to performance of its obligations under the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement.

Except as provided in the preceding paragraph the Company reimburses House Hanover all direct and indirect costs and expenses incurred by it during the term of the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement for: (i) due diligence of potential investments of the Company, (ii) monitoring performance of the Company's investments, (iii) serving as officers of the Company, (iv) serving as directors and officers of portfolio companies of the Company, (v) providing managerial assistance to portfolio companies of the Company, and (vi) enforcing the Company's rights in respect of its investments and disposing of its investments; provided, however, that, any third party expenses incurred by House Hanover in excess of \$50,000 in the aggregate in any calendar quarter will require advance approval by the Board of the Company.

In addition to the foregoing, the Company will also be responsible for the payment of all of the Company's other expenses, including the payment of the following fees and expenses:

- organizational and offering expenses;
- expenses incurred in valuing the Company's assets and computing its net asset value per share (including the cost and expenses of any independent valuation firm);

- subject to the guidelines approved by the Board of Directors, expenses incurred by House Hanover that are payable to third parties, including agents, consultants or other advisors, in monitoring financial and legal affairs for the Company and in monitoring the Company's investments and performing due diligence on the Company's prospective portfolio companies or otherwise related to, or associated with, evaluating and making investments;
- interest payable on debt, if any, incurred to finance the Company's investments and expenses related to unsuccessful portfolio acquisition efforts;
- offerings of the Company's common stock and other securities;
- administration fees;
- · transfer agent and custody fees and expenses;
- U.S. federal and state registration fees of the Company (but not House Hanover);
- · all costs of registration and listing the Company's shares on any securities exchange;
- U.S. federal, state and local taxes;
- independent directors' fees and expenses;
- costs of preparing and filing reports or other documents required of the Company (but not House Hanover) by the SEC or other regulators;
- · costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to stockholders, including printing costs;
- the costs associated with individual or group stockholders;
- the Company's allocable portion of the fidelity bond, directors and officers/errors and omissions liability insurance, and any other insurance premiums;
- direct costs and expenses of administration and operation of the Company, including printing, mailing, long distance telephone, copying, secretarial and other staff, independent auditors and outside legal costs; and
- all other non-investment advisory expenses incurred by the Company regarding administering the Company's business.

#### **Duration and Termination**

Unless terminated earlier as described below, the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement will continue in effect for a period of one (1) year from its effective date. It will remain in effect from year to year thereafter if approved annually by the Company's Board or by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the Company's outstanding voting securities, and, in either case, if also approved by a majority of the Company's directors who are neither parties to the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement nor "interested persons" (as defined under the 1940 Act) of any such party. The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, (i) upon written notice, effective on the date set forth in such notice, by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Company or by the vote of the Company's directors, or (ii) upon 60 days' written notice, by House Hanover. The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its "assignment," as defined in the 1940 Act.

The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement was most recently approved by our Board and a majority of the Company's directors who are neither parties to the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement nor "interested persons" (as defined in the 1940 Act) of any such party, on May 13, 2020.

# Indemnification

The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or negligence in the performance of their duties, or by reason of the material breach or reckless disregard of their duties and obligations under the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement, House Hanover and its officers, managers, employees and members are entitled to indemnification from the Company for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of House Hanover's services under the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement or otherwise as the Company's investment advisor. The amounts payable for indemnification will be calculated net of payments recovered by the indemnified party under any insurance policy with respect to such losses.

At all times during the term of the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement and for one year thereafter, House Hanover is obligated to maintain directors and officers/errors and omission liability insurance in an amount and with a provider reasonably acceptable to the Board of the Company.

#### Administration Services and Service Agreement

House Hanover is entitled to reimbursement of expenses under the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement for administrative services performed for the Company.

On January 1, 2018, Princeton Capital Corporation directly entered into a service agreement with SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc. (the "Sub-Administrator") to provide certain administrative services to the Company. In exchange for providing services, the Company pays the Sub-Administrator an asset-based fee with a \$125,000 annual minimum as adjusted for any reimbursement of expenses. This annual minimum was amended in the service agreement on April 20, 2019 and effective as of July 1, 2019. This asset-based fee will vary depending upon our gross assets, as adjusted, as follows:

| Gross Assets                               | Fee                     |
|--|-------------------------|
| first \$150 million of gross assets        | 20 basis points (0.20%) |
| next \$150 million of gross assets         | 15 basis points (0.15%) |
| next \$200 million of gross assets         | 10 basis points (0.10%) |
| in excess of \$500 million of gross assets | 5 basis points (0.05%)  |

Administration fees were \$67,500 and fees to the Sub-Administrator were \$31,250 for the three months ended March 31, 2020, as shown on the Statements of Operations under administration fees

Administration fees were \$67,500 and fees to the Sub-Administrator were \$37,500 for the three months ended March 31, 2019, as shown on the Statements of Operations under administration fees.

#### Managerial Assistance

As a BDC, we offer, and must provide upon request, managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. This assistance could involve monitoring the operations of our portfolio companies, participating in board of directors and management meetings, consulting with and advising officers of portfolio companies and providing other organizational and financial guidance. As of March 31, 2020, none of the portfolio companies had accepted our offer for such services.

#### **NOTE 7 – FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

| Per Share Data <sup>(1)</sup> :  | Ma | Ended<br>arch 31, 2020<br>Unaudited) | Ma       | nree Months Ended arch 31, 2019 Unaudited) |
|--|----|--------------------------------------|----------|--|
| Net asset value at beginning of period   | \$ | 0.276                                | <b>e</b> | 0.345                                      |
| Net investment loss  | φ  | (0.001)                              | Φ        | (0.002)                                    |
| Realized gain (loss)   |    | (0.001)                              |          | (0.002)                                    |
| Change in unrealized loss  |    | (0.063)                              |          | (0.002)                                    |
| Net asset value at end of period   | \$ | 0.212                                | \$       | 0.341                                      |
| Total return based on net asset value <sup>(2)</sup>   |    | (23.2)%                              |          | (1.2)%                                     |
| Weighted average shares outstanding for period, basic  |    | 120,486,061                          |          | 120,486,061                                |
| Ratio/Supplemental Data:   |    |                                      |          |  |
| Net assets at end of period  | \$ | 25,555,945                           | \$       | 41,136,915                                 |
| Average net assets   | \$ | 33,194,503                           | \$       | 41,550,306                                 |
| Annualized ratio of net operating expenses to average net assets   |    | 4.7%                                 |          | 5.2%                                       |
| Annualized ratio of net investment loss to average net assets  |    | (1.9)%                               |          | (2.4)%                                     |
| Annualized ratio of net investment loss to average net assets, excluding other income from non-investment sources                |    | (1.9)%                               |          | (2.4)%                                     |
| Annualized ratio of net operating expenses excluding management fees, incentive fees, and interest expense to average net assets |    | 3.7%                                 |          | 4.3%                                       |
| Annualized ratio of net decrease in net assets resulting from operations to average net assets                                   |    | (93.3)%                              |          | (4.1)%                                     |
| Portfolio Turnover   |    | 0.31%                                |          | 0.5%                                       |
|  |    |                                      |          |  |

# PRINCETON CAPITAL CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

|   | Year Ended December 31, |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|----|-------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|----|------------|
|   |                         | 2019        |    | 2018        |           | 2017        |        | 2016        |    | 2015       |
| Per Share Data (1):   |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        | <u> </u>    |    |            |
| Net asset value at beginning of year                                | \$                      | 0.345       | \$ | 0.344       | \$        | 0.365       | \$     | 0.400       | \$ | 0.254      |
| Net investment income (loss)  |                         | (0.009)     |    | 0.009       |           | 0.008       |        | (0.004)     |    | (0.013)    |
| Change in unrealized gain (loss)                                    |                         | (0.060)     |    | (0.007)     |           | (0.035)     |        | (0.019)     |    | (0.081)    |
| Realized gain (loss)  |                         | -           |    | (0.001)     |           | 0.006       |        | (0.012)     |    | 0.002      |
| Change in capital share transactions                                |                         | <u>-</u>    |    | <u>-</u>    |           | <u>-</u>    |        | -           |    | 0.238      |
| Net asset value at end of year                                      | \$                      | 0.276       | \$ | 0.345       | \$        | 0.344       | \$     | 0.365       | \$ | 0.400      |
| Total return (loss) based on net asset value <sup>(2)</sup>         |                         | (20.0)%     |    | 0.3%        |           | (5.8)%      |        | (8.8)%      | ,  | (36.2)%    |
| Weighted average shares outstanding for year, basic                 |                         | 120,486,061 |    | 120,486,061 |           | 120,486,061 |        | 120,486,061 |    | 97,402,398 |
| Ratio/Supplemental Data:  |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| Net assets at end of year   | \$                      | 33,280,329  | \$ | 41,554,951  | \$        | 41,407,539  | \$     | 43,985,319  | \$ | 48,225,563 |
| Average net assets  | \$                      | 38,504,249  | \$ | 41,416,562  | \$        | 42,634,685  | \$     | 46,991,446  | \$ | 45,472,971 |
| Total operating expenses to average net assets                      |                         | 5.8%        |    | 5.4%        |           | 3.8%        |        | 5.8%        |    | 9.5%       |
| Net operating expenses to average net assets (3)                    |                         | 5.8%        |    | 5.4%        |           | 3.3%        |        | 5.8%        |    | 9.5%       |
| Net investment income (loss) to average net assets                  |                         | (2.8)%      |    | 2.5%        | 2.5% 2.49 |             | (1.1)% |             | )  | (2.7)%     |
| Net investment income (loss) to average net assets, excluding       |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| management fee waiver   |                         | (2.8)%      |    | 2.5%        |           | 1.9%        |        | (1.1)%      | )  | (2.7)%     |
| Net investment income (loss) to average net assets, excluding other |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| income from non-investment sources (4)                              |                         | (2.8)%      |    | 2.5%        |           | 0.1%        |        | (1.1)%      | )  | (2.7)%     |
| Net investment income (loss) to average net assets, excluding other |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| income from non-investment sources, excluding management fee        |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| waiver <sup>(4)</sup>   |                         | (2.8)%      |    | 2.5%        |           | (0.4)%      |        | (1.1)%      | )  | (2.7)%     |
| Net operating expenses excluding management fees, incentive fees,   |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| and interest expense to average net assets                          |                         | 4.9%        |    | 4.3%        |           | 2.8%        |        | 4.3%        |    | 8.0%       |
| Net operating expenses excluding management fees, incentive fees,   |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| and interest expense to average net assets, excluding management    |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| fee waiver  |                         | 4.9%        |    | 4.3%        |           | 3.2%        |        | 4.3%        |    | 8.0%       |
| Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to  |                         |             |    |             |           |             |        |             |    |            |
| average net assets  |                         | (21.5)%     |    | 0.4%        |           | (6.0)%      |        | (9.0)%      | )  | (19.5)%    |
| Portfolio Turnover  |                         | 0.7%        |    | 0.5%        |           | 7.0%        |        | 1.1%        |    | 0.7%       |

(1) Financial highlights are based on weighted average shares outstanding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in the period. The total returns are not annualized.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net Operating expenses includes a management fee waiver in the amount of \$216,559 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

<sup>(4)</sup> Other income from non-investment sources only includes the reduction of previously accrued expenses totaling \$968,256 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

<sup>(5)</sup> Unaudited

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company may enter into investment agreements under which it commits to make an investment in a portfolio company at some future date or over a specified period of time. The Company maintains sufficient assets to provide adequate cover to allow it to satisfy its unfunded commitment amount as of March 31, 2020. The unfunded commitment is accounted for under ASC 820. As of the date of this report, all commitments have been funded.

On June 2, 2015, the Company entered into a Lease Guaranty Agreement to guaranty a portion of a lease entered into by Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc. The Company's guaranty is limited to the total tenant improvement allowance and the total amount of commissions that the landlord provided in connection with the lease. The total guaranteed amount by the Company is approximately \$292,701 and reduces proportionally after each of the first sixty months of the lease, which commenced in November 2015, so long as no uncured event of default exists. As of March 31, 2020, the guaranteed amount was reduced to \$34,148.

#### **Legal Proceedings**

As of March 31, 2020, there were no material legal proceedings against the Company or any of its officers or directors.

#### Great Value Storage Litigation

On March 14, 2019, we filed a complaint against Great Value Storage, LLC ("GVS"), World Class Capital Group, LLC, and Natin Paul, which we refer to collectively as the GVS Defendants, in the District Court for Harris County, Texas. GVS is one of the Company's portfolio companies. The complaint alleges that the GVS defendants are in breach of certain contractual obligations under a Note Purchase Agreement entered into between the parties on July 31, 2012, as amended (the "Note Purchase Agreement"), including failure to make payments owed to the Company under the Note Purchase Agreement. The Company seeks (i) actual damages, (ii) special, statutory, or exemplary damages, (iii) pre-judgment interest, (iv) post-judgment interest, (v) court costs, (vi) reasonable attorneys' fees, and (vii) all other relief to which the Company may be entitled to under law or equity. On April 15, 2019, the GVS Defendants filed an Answer with Request for Disclosure. The action is pending in the Harris County District Court.

#### Risks and Uncertainties

#### COVID-19

As the global spread of COVID-19 continues, we have experienced increased market volatility and economic uncertainties which may materially impact the valuation of portfolio investments and in turn, the net asset value of the Company. This may have other financial or operational effects, though the extent of such impact is unpredictable at this time. One of our portfolio investments in the restaurant industry, Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc., ("Rockfish") has been greatly impacted as governmental agencies have mandated the closure of dining room facilities and greatly reduced their ability to generate revenue for an unknown period of time. Rockfish has applied for and received funding from the Paycheck Protection Program by the U.S. Small Business Administration ("PPP") to assist the company in covering payroll and other non-payroll costs, such as rent and utilities, for a period of eight weeks. Other portfolio companies that have received funding from the PPP include Advantis Occupational Health, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc., Dominion Medical Management, Inc. and Performance Alloys, LLC.

#### General

From time to time, the Company may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of the Company's rights under contracts with its portfolio companies. Other than as described above, the Company is not currently involved in any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us.

### NOTE 9 – UNCONSOLIDATED SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARIES

The Company's investments are primarily in private small and lower middle-market companies. In accordance with Rules 3.09 and 4.08(g) of Regulation S-X, the Company must determine which of its unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies are considered "significant subsidiaries", if any. In evaluating these investments, there are three tests utilized to determine if any of the Company's control investments are considered significant subsidiaries; the investment, the asset, and the income significant tests. Rule 3.09 of Regulation S-X, as interpreted by the SEC, requires the Company to include separate audited financial statements of any unconsolidated majority-owned or controlled subsidiary in an annual report if either the investment or income significant test exceeds 20% of the Company's total investments at fair value or total income, respectively. Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X requires summarized financial information of an unconsolidated subsidiary in an annual report if it does not qualify under Rule 3.09 of Regulation S-X and any of the three significant tests exceeds 10% of the Company's total investments at fair value, total assets or total income, respectively. Rule 10-01(b)(1) of Regulation S-X requires summarized financial information for interim financial statements, if either the investment or income significant test exceeds 20% of the Company's total investments at fair value or total income, respectively.

The Company has determined that Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc., one of the Company's four majority owned or control portfolio companies, was considered a significant subsidiary at the 20% level at March 31, 2020 as prescribed under Rule 10-01(b)(1) of Regulation S-X.

The following table shows the summarized financial information for Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc. (numbers in thousands):

|                   |    | Rockfish Seafo<br>Three months<br>Ended<br>March 31,<br>2020 | food | ood Grill, Inc. |  |
|-------------------|----|--|------|-----------------|--|
|                   | Th | ree months   | 1    | Three months    |  |
|                   |    | Ended  |      | Ended           |  |
|                   | ľ  | ,  |      | March 31,       |  |
|                   |    | 2020   |      | 2019            |  |
|                   | (ι | unaudited)   |      | (unaudited)     |  |
| Income Statement  |    |  |      |                 |  |
| Net Revenue       | \$ | 4,035  | \$   | 5,077           |  |
| Gross Profit      |    | 2,861  |      | 3,563           |  |
| Net Income (Loss) |    | (737)  |      | (579)           |  |

# NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- On April 17, 2020, the Company amended the second lien loan to Capital Foundry Funding, LLC to extend the maturity date to July 21, 2020.
- On May 1, 2020 and as part of the plan before the United State Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Texas, Lone Star Brewery Development, Inc. ("Lone Star") sold its sole asset, a 32-acre parcel of land located in San Antonio, TX, for \$14,450,000 in a court ordered sale forced by foreclosure of the first lien holder. The Company expects to receive an approximate amount between \$380,000 and \$680,000 when the final sales proceeds are distributed in coming months, which is significantly less than the estimated fair value of the Company's investment in Lone Star as of March 31, 2020. The Company is reflecting on its options for further recovery and will file a Form 8-K after it has completed the disposition of its investment in Lone Star and the final sales proceeds are known.

#### Schedule 12-14

The table below represents the fair value of control and affiliate investments at December 31, 2019 and any amortization, purchases, sales, and realized and change in unrealized gain (loss) made to such investments, as well as the ending fair value as of March 31, 2020.

| Portfolio<br>Company/Type of<br>Investment <sup>(1)</sup>   | Principal<br>Amount/<br>Shares/<br>Ownership %<br>at<br>March 31,<br>2020 | Amount of<br>Interest and<br>Dividends<br>Credited in<br>Income | Fair Value at<br>December 31,<br>2019 | Purchases (2) | Sales | Transfers from<br>Restructuring/<br>Transfers into<br>Control<br>Investments | Change in<br>Unrealized<br>Gains/(Losses) | Fair Value<br>at March<br>31, 2020 |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|---|------------------------------------|
| Control Investments Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc. Second Lien Loan,                                     |   |   |                                       |               |       |  |   |                                    |
| 12.0% Cash, due   | \$ 4,500,000  | \$ -  | \$ 2,816,265                          | \$ -          | \$ -  | _  | \$ (1,561,742)                            | \$ 1,254,523                       |
| Unsecured loan<br>Consolidated BL<br>Note 6.33% PIK   |   |   | Ψ 2,010,203                           |               | Ψ -   |  |   | ψ 1,234,323                        |
| (2)<br>Common Stock –   | \$ 1,403,390  | (21,804)  | -                                     | 21,804        | -     | -  | (21,804)                                  | -                                  |
| Series A <sup>(3)</sup> Common Stock –  | 225,000   | -   | -                                     | -             | -     | -  | -   | -                                  |
| Series B (3)  | 9,500,000   | _   | _                                     | _             | _     | _  | _   | _                                  |
| Warrant for<br>250,000 Shares of<br>Series A<br>Common Stock,<br>exercise price<br>\$0.01 per share,<br>expires       |   |   |                                       |               |       |  |   |                                    |
| 1/1/2027 <sup>(3)</sup> Warrant for 700,000 Shares of Series A Common Stock, exercise price \$0.01 per share, expires |   | -   |                                       |               | -     |  |   |                                    |
| 1/1/2027 <sup>(3)</sup> Dominion Medical Management, Inc. Second Lien Loan,   | 1   | -   | -                                     | -             | -     |  | -   |                                    |
| 12.0% Cash, 6%<br>PIK due,  |   |   |                                       |               |       |  | (00.5.000)                                | 200.222                            |
| 3/31/2020 (2) (3) Integrated Medical Partners, LLC Preferred  | a 1,516,144   | -   | 1,266,245                             | -             | -     | -  | (886,022)                                 | 380,223                            |
| Membership -  |   |   |                                       |               |       |  |   |                                    |
| Class A units <sup>(3)</sup><br>Preferred   | 800   | -   | -                                     | -             | -     | <u>-</u>   | -   | -                                  |
| Membership –  |   |   |                                       |               |       |  |   |                                    |
| Class B units <sup>(3)</sup> Common Units <sup>(3)</sup>  | 760   | -   | -                                     | -             | -     | -  | -   | -                                  |
| PCC SBH Sub,  | 14,082  | -   | -                                     | -             | -     | -  | -   | -                                  |
| Common Stock (3) Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc.   | 100   | -   | 1,654,677                             | -             | -     | <u>-</u>   | 5,999                                     | 1,660,676                          |
| First Lien Loan,<br>8% Cash, 6.0%<br>PIK, due   |   |   |                                       |               |       |  |   |                                    |
| 3/31/2018 <sup>(3)</sup>  | \$ 6,352,944  | -   | 5,073,470                             | -             | -     | -  | (2,111,669)                               | 2,961,801                          |

| Revolving Loan,<br>8% PIK, due<br>12/31/2020 <sup>(2)(3)</sup>  | \$<br>2,384,169 | -              | 2,383,886        | -            | -       |    | - | 48,496            | 2,432,382    |
|---|-----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|---------|----|---|-------------------|--------------|
| Rockfish<br>Holdings, LLC   |                 |                |                  |              |         |    |   |                   |              |
| Warrant for<br>Membership<br>Interest, exercise<br>price \$0.001 per<br>1% membership<br>interest, expires<br>7/28/2028 (3) | 10.000%         | _              | _                | _            | _       |    | _ | _                 |              |
| Membership<br>Interest – Class A<br>(3)   | 99.997%         | _              | _                | -            | _       |    | _ | _                 | _            |
| Total Control<br>Investments  |                 | \$<br>(21,804) | \$<br>13,194,543 | \$<br>21,804 | \$<br>- | \$ | _ | \$<br>(4,526,742) | \$ 8,689,605 |

- Represents an illiquid investment.
   Includes PIK interest.
   Non-income producing security.

The table below represents the fair value of control and affiliate investments at December 31, 2018 and any amortization, purchases, sales, and realized and change in unrealized gain (loss) made to such investments, as well as the ending fair value as of March 31, 2019.

| Portfolio Company/Type of Investment (1)  | Principal<br>Amount/<br>Shares/<br>Ownership % at<br>March 31, 2019 |                      | Amount of<br>Interest and<br>Dividends<br>Credited in<br>Income | Fair Value at<br>December 31,<br>2018 |            | Purchases <sup>(2)</sup> |          | Sales |           | Change in<br>Unrealized<br>Gains/(Losses) | Fair Value at<br>March 31, 2019 |  |
|---|---|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|----------|-------|-----------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Control Investments Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc.   |   |                      |   |                                       |            |                          |          |       |           |   |                                 |  |
| Second Lien Loan, 6.0%<br>Cash, due 11/30/2021 <sup>(3)</sup>   | \$  | 4,500,000            | \$ -  | \$                                    | 2,457,887  | \$                       | -        | \$    | -         | \$ (308,511)                              | \$ 2,149,376                    |  |
| Unsecured loan 5%, due 12/31/2019   | \$  | 813,225              | 10,026  |                                       | 652,277    |                          | -        |       | -         | 32,625                                    | 684,902                         |  |
| Unsecured loan 5%, due 12/31/2019   | \$  | 90,000               | 1,110   |                                       | 72,188     |                          | -        |       | -         | 3,610                                     | 75,798                          |  |
| Unsecured loan 8%, due 12/31/2019   | \$  | 150,000              | 2,959   |                                       | 124,115    |                          | -        |       | -         | 5,165                                     | 129,280                         |  |
| Unsecured loan 8%, due 12/31/2019   | \$  | 110,000              | 2,170   |                                       | 91,017     |                          | -        |       | -         | 3,789                                     | 94,806                          |  |
| Unsecured loan 10.75%,  | _   |                      |   |                                       |            |                          |          |       |           |   |                                 |  |
| due 12/31/2019<br>Common Stock – Series A   | \$  | 175,000              | 4,639   |                                       | 148,866    |                          | -        |       | -         | 5,115                                     | 153,981                         |  |
| Common Stock – Series B (3)   |   | 225,000<br>9,500,000 |   |                                       | -          |                          | -        |       | -         | -   | -                               |  |
| Warrant for 250,000 Shares<br>of Series A Common<br>Stock, exercise price \$0.01<br>per share, expires  |   | 7,500,000            |   |                                       |            |                          | _        |       | -         |   |                                 |  |
| 1/1/2027 <sup>(3)</sup> Warrant for 700,000 Shares of Series A Common Stock, exercise price \$0.01 per share, expires 1/1/2027 <sup>(3)</sup> |   | 1                    |   |                                       | -<br>-     |                          | -        |       | -         | -   | -<br>-                          |  |
| Dominion Medical<br>Management, Inc.  |   |                      |   |                                       |            |                          |          |       |           |   |                                 |  |
| Second Lien Loan, 12.0%<br>Cash, 6% PIK due,<br>3/31/2020   | \$  | 1,555,961            | 57,385  |                                       | 1,029,756  |                          | 603,190  |       | (184,667) | (16,939)                                  | 1,431,340                       |  |
| Integrated Medical Partners, LLC Preferred Membership –   |   | ,,.                  | ,   |                                       | , ,        |                          | ,        |       | ( , ,,,,, | ( ,,,,,,                                  | , - ,                           |  |
| Class A units (3) Preferred Membership –  |   | 800                  | -   |                                       | 997,272    |                          | -        |       | -         | (155,736)                                 | 841,536                         |  |
| Class B units (3)   |   | 760                  | -   |                                       | 42,611     |                          | -        |       | -         | (10,537)                                  | 32,074                          |  |
| Common Units (3) PCC SBH Sub, Inc.  |   | 14,082               | -   |                                       | 6,723      |                          | -        |       | -         | (1,448)                                   | 5,275                           |  |
| Unsecured loan, 12% Cash, due 12/31/2019  | \$  | 14,000               | 420   |                                       | 14,000     |                          | _        |       | -         | -   | 14,000                          |  |
| Common Stock (3) Rockfish Seafood Grill,  |   | 100                  | -   |                                       | 1,925,722  |                          | -        |       | -         | 17,152                                    | 1,942,874                       |  |
| Inc. First Lien Loan, 8% Cash,  |   |                      |   |                                       |            |                          |          |       |           |   |                                 |  |
| 6.0% PIK, due 3/31/2018<br>(3)  | \$  | 6,352,944            | _   |                                       | 6,689,793  |                          | _        |       | _         | 53,854                                    | 6,743,647                       |  |
| Revolving Loan, 8% Cash, due 12/31/2020   | \$  | 1,921,000            | 36,642  |                                       | 1,465,452  |                          | 100,000  |       | -         | 68,587                                    | 1,634,039                       |  |
| Rockfish Holdings, LLC Warrant for Membership Interest, exercise price \$0.001 per 1% membership interest, expires 7/28/2028 (3)              |   |                      | ,   |                                       |            |                          | <i>,</i> |       |           | ·   | , , .                           |  |
| Membership Interest – Class A (3)   |   | 10.000%<br>99.997%   | -   |                                       | -          |                          | -        |       | -         | -   | -                               |  |
| Total Control Investments   |   | 77.77/70             | \$ 115,351  | _                                     | 15,717,679 | \$                       | 703,190  | _     | (184,667) | \$ (303,274)                              | \$ 15,932,928                   |  |

- Represents an illiquid investment.
   Includes PIK interest.
- (3) Non-income producing security.

#### Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

References herein to "we", "us" or "our" refer to Princeton Capital Corporation (the "Company" or "Princeton Capital"), unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q constitute forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. Such forward-looking statements may include statements preceded by, followed by or that otherwise include the words "may," "might," "will," "intend," "should," "could," "can," "would," "expect," "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," "predict," "potential," "plan" or similar words. The forward-looking statements contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

- our future operating results;
- our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- the effect of investments that we expect to make;
- our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- actual and potential conflicts of interest with our investment advisor;
- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its effect on the industries in which we invest;
- the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- the use of borrowed money to finance a portion of our investments;
- the adequacy of our financing sources and working capital;
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies;
- the ability of our investment advisor to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments;
- the ability of our investment advisor to attract and retain highly talented professionals;
- our ability to qualify and maintain our qualification as a regulated investment company and as a business development company; and
- the effect of future changes in laws or regulations (including the interpretation of these laws and regulations by regulatory authorities) and conditions in our operating areas, particularly with respect to business development companies or regulated investment companies; and
- the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic including the uncertainty surrounding its duration and global economic impact, as well as measures taken by governmental agencies, businesses and other third parties in response to counteract any negative effects.

We have based the forward-looking statements included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q on information available to us on the date of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in our forward-looking statements, and future results could differ materially from historical performance. We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by law or Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rule or regulation. You are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we in the future may file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

#### Overview

We are an externally managed, non-diversified, closed-end investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act" or "Investment Company Act"). We originate and invest primarily in private small and lower middle-market companies (typically those with less than \$20.0 million of EBITDA) through first lien loans, second lien loans, unsecured loans, unitranche and mezzanine debt financing, often times with a corresponding equity investment. Our investment objective is to maximize the total return to our stockholders in the form of current income and capital appreciation through debt and related equity investments in private small and lower middle-market companies. Since January 1, 2018, we have been managed by House Hanover, LLC ("House Hanover").

As a BDC, we must not acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70% of our total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). Qualifying assets include investments in "eligible portfolio companies." Under the relevant SEC rules, the term "eligible portfolio company" includes all private companies, companies whose securities are not listed on a national securities exchange, and certain public companies that have listed their securities on a national securities exchange and have a market capitalization of less than \$250 million, in each case organized in the United States.

#### **Corporate History**

In order to expedite the ramp-up of our investment activities and further our ability to meet our investment objectives on March 13, 2015, we (i) acquired approximately \$11.2 million in cash, \$43.5 million in equity and debt investments, and \$1.9 million in restricted cash escrow deposits of Capital Point Partners, L.P. ("CPPI") and Capital Point Partners II, L.P. ("CPPII") (together, the "Partnerships"), (ii) issued approximately 115.5 million shares of our common stock based on a pre-valuation presumed fair value of \$60.9 million and on a price of approximately \$0.53 per share. We now seek to invest primarily in private small and lower middle market companies in various industries.

On an annual basis, we intend to elect to be treated for tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. As a RIC, we generally will not have to pay corporate-level taxes on any income we distribute to our stockholders. We did not meet the qualifications of a RIC for the 2019 tax year and will be taxed as a corporation under Subchapter C of the Code.

#### Portfolio Composition and Investment Activity

#### Portfolio Composition

We originate and invest primarily in private small and lower middle-market companies through first lien loans, second lien loans, unsecured loans, unitranche and mezzanine debt financing, and corresponding equity investments. United States Treasury securities may be purchased and temporarily held in connection with complying with RIC diversification requirements under Subchapter M of the Code.

At March 31, 2020, the Company had investments in 9 portfolio companies. The total cost and fair value of the total investments were approximately \$55.3 million and \$25.9 million, respectively. The composition of our investments by asset class as of March 31, 2020 is as follows:

| Investments                 | Cost             |    | air Value  | Percentage of<br>Total Portfolio |  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|----|------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Portfolio Investments       |                  |    |            |                                  |  |
| First Lien Loans            | \$<br>15,537,699 | \$ | 10,705,539 | 41.3%                            |  |
| Second Lien Loans           | 21,932,817       |    | 13,532,216 | 52.3                             |  |
| Unsecured Loans             | 1,403,390        |    | -          | -                                |  |
| Equity                      | 16,483,888       |    | 1,661,876  | 6.4                              |  |
| Total Portfolio Investments | \$<br>55,357,794 | \$ | 25,899,631 | 100.0%                           |  |
|                             |                  |    |            |                                  |  |

At December 31, 2019, the Company had investments in 9 portfolio companies. The total cost and fair value of the total investments were approximately \$55.2 million and \$33.3 million, respectively. The composition of our investments by asset class as of December 31, 2019 is as follows:

| Investments                 | Cost             | ]  | Fair Value | Percentage of<br>Total Portfolio |  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|----|------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Portfolio Investments       |                  |    |            |                                  |  |
| First Lien Loans            | \$<br>15,537,699 | \$ | 13,740,173 | 41.2%                            |  |
| Second Lien Loans           | 21,842,279       |    | 15,140,187 | 45.4                             |  |
| Unsecured Loans             | 1,381,586        |    | 2,816,265  | 8.4                              |  |
| Equity                      | <br>16,483,889   |    | 1,655,877  | 5.0                              |  |
| Total Portfolio Investments | \$<br>55,245,453 | \$ | 33,352,502 | 100.0%                           |  |
| Total Investments           | \$<br>55,245,453 | \$ | 33,352,502 | 100.0%                           |  |
|                             |                  |    |            |                                  |  |

At March 31, 2020, our weighted average yield of our portfolio investments, based upon cost and excluding non-yielding assets, was approximately 9.7% of which approximately 8.73% is current cash interest, all bearing a fixed rate of interest except for one debt investment bearing interest at a variable rate. At December 31, 2019, our weighted average yield based upon cost of our portfolio investments was approximately 9.39% of which approximately 6.98% is current cash interest.

At March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we held no United States Treasury securities. United States Treasury securities may be purchased and temporarily held in connection with complying with RIC diversification requirements under Subchapter M of the Code.

#### Investment Activity

Our level of investment activity can vary substantially from period to period depending on many factors, including the amount of debt and equity capital to middle market companies, the level of merger and acquisition activity, the general economic environment and the competitive environment for the types of investments we make.

The primary portfolio investment activities for the three months ended March 31, 2020 are as follows:

- On January 6, 2020, Lone Star Brewery Development, Inc. ("Lone Star"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parkview Capital Credit ("Parkview"), filed for bankruptcy protection in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Texas under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. Lone Star's sole asset is a 32-acre parcel of land located at the site of the former Lone Star Brewery in San Antonio, Texas. Pursuant to the bankruptcy rules as they relate to single asset real estate bankruptcies, Lone Star had 90 days from the date of its bankruptcy filing to file a restructuring plan to exit bankruptcy or, if a plan is not filed, to begin making interest payments to its lenders. On February 26, 2020, the bankruptcy court entered an order approving Lone Star's employment of a real estate broker to market and sell the property. The procedures to sell the property were subsequently approved by the bankruptcy court on March 10, 2020.
- On March 31, 2020, the Company agreed to and paid \$90,937 in real estate taxes on behalf of the property, to prevent Lone Star from defaulting on their agreement with the first lienholder to sell the property. Under the existing second lien loan agreement with Lone Star, the Company has the ability to pay real estate taxes and consider it an additional loan. These amounts were personally guaranteed by the sole shareholder of Lone Star, Parkview Capital Credit, Inc. ("Parkview") and by an individual who is an officer of both Lone Star and Parkview.

# **Asset Quality**

In addition to various risk management and monitoring tools, our investment advisor used an investment rating system to characterize and monitor the quality of our debt investment portfolio. Equity securities and Treasury Bills are not graded. This debt investment rating system uses a five-level numeric scale. The following is a description of the conditions associated with each investment rating:

| Summary Description  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| * -  |  |  |  |  |
| Investments that are performing above expectations, and whose risks remain favorable compared to the expected risk at the time of the original investment.   |  |  |  |  |
| Investments that are performing within expectations and whose risks remain neutral compared to the expected risk at the time of the original investment. All new loans will initially be rated 2.  |  |  |  |  |
| Investments that are performing below expectations and that require closer monitoring, but where no loss of return or principal is expected. Portfolio companies with a rating of 3 may be out of compliance with financial covenants.   |  |  |  |  |
| Investments that are performing substantially below expectations and whose risks have increased substantially since the original investment. These investments are often in work out. Investments with a rating of 4 will be those for which some loss of return but no loss of principal is expected. |  |  |  |  |
| Investments that are performing substantially below expectations and whose risks have increased substantially since the original investment. These investments almost always in work out. Investments with a rating of 5 are those for which some loss of return and principal is expected.            |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

The following table shows the investment ratings of our debt investments at fair value as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

|                      | As of March 31, 2020 |            |  |   |    | As of December 31, 2019 |                      |                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|----------------------|------------|--|---|----|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Investment<br>Rating |                      | Fair Value | Number of Portfolio % of Total Portfolio Companies |   |    | Fair Value              | % of Total Portfolio | Number of Portfolio<br>Companies |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1                    | \$                   |            |  |   | \$ | _                       |                      |                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2                    |                      | 5,203,440  | 20.09%   | 2 |    | 6,317,386               | 18.94%               | 2                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3                    |                      | _          | _  | _ |    | _                       | _                    | _                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4                    |                      | 5,311,356  | 20.51%   | 1 |    | 25,379,239              | 76.09%               | 5                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5                    |                      | 13,722,959 | 52.99%   | 4 |    | <u> </u>                |                      |                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | \$                   | 24,237,755 | 93.59%   | 7 | \$ | 31,696,625              | 95.03%               | 7                                |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Loans and Debt Securities on Non-Accrual Status

We will not accrue interest on loans and debt securities if we have reason to doubt our ability to collect such interest. As of March 31, 2020 we had 6 loans on non-accrual status and as of December 31, 2019, we had 5 loans on non-accrual status.

#### **Results of Operations**

An important measure of our financial performance is net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations, which includes net investment income (loss), net realized gain (loss) and net change in unrealized gain (loss). Net investment income (loss) is the difference between our income from interest, dividends, fees and other investment income and our operating expenses including interest on borrowed funds. Net realized gain (loss) on investments is the difference between the proceeds received from dispositions of portfolio investments and their amortized cost. Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments is the net change in the fair value of our investment portfolio.

During the first quarter of 2020, the global economy was effected by the COVID-19 pandemic, including the small and medium sized businesses in which we are invested. This has impacted the results of operations as we have experienced a decrease in interest revenue as well as a decrease in valuations of our investments, which resulted in an increase in unrealized losses. It is uncertain as to the duration that the effect that COVID-19 will have on our investment portfolio companies and to the extent that they will be able to recover. Four of our investment portfolio companies that have been eligible to apply for the Paycheck Protection Program offered by the U.S Small Business Administration have all applied for loans, all of which have been approved and three have already received funding in the second quarter.

#### Revenues

We generate revenue in the form of interest income on debt investments and capital gains and distributions, if any, on investment securities that we may acquire in portfolio companies. Our debt investments typically have a term of five to seven years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. Interest on our debt securities is generally payable quarterly. Payments of principal on our debt investments may be amortized over the stated term of the investment, deferred for several years or due entirely at maturity. In some cases, our debt investments may pay interest in-kind, or PIK. Any outstanding principal amount of our debt securities and any accrued but unpaid interest will generally become due at the maturity date. The level of interest income we receive is directly related to the balance of interest-bearing investments multiplied by the weighted average yield of our investments. We expect that the dollar amount of interest and any dividend income that we earn to increase as the size of our investment portfolio increases. In addition, we may generate revenue in the form of prepayment fees, commitment, loan origination, structuring or due diligence fees, fees for providing managerial assistance and possibly consulting fees. These fees will be reorganized as they are earned.

#### Expenses

Our primary operating expenses include the payment of fees to House Hanover and our allocable portion of overhead expenses under the investment advisory agreement and other operating costs described below. We bear all other out-of-pocket costs and expenses of our operations and transactions, which may include:

- · organizational and offering expenses;
- expenses incurred in valuing the Company's assets and computing its net asset value per share (including the cost and expenses of any independent valuation firm);
- subject to the guidelines approved by the Board of Directors, expenses incurred by our investment advisor that are payable to third parties, including agents, consultants or other advisors, in monitoring financial and legal affairs for the Company and in monitoring the Company's investments and performing due diligence on the Company's prospective portfolio companies or otherwise related to, or associated with, evaluating and making investments;
- interest payable on debt, if any, incurred to finance the Company's investments and expenses related to unsuccessful portfolio acquisition efforts;
- offerings of the Company's common stock and other securities;
- administration fees;
- · transfer agent and custody fees and expenses;
- U.S. federal and state registration fees of the Company (but not our investment advisor);
- · all costs of registration and listing the Company's shares on any securities exchange;
- U.S. federal, state and local taxes;
- · independent directors' fees and expenses;
- costs of preparing and filing reports or other documents required of the Company (but not our investment advisor) by the SEC or other regulators;
- costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to stockholders, including printing costs;
- the costs associated with individual or group stockholders;
- the Company's allocable portion of the fidelity bond, directors' and officers'/errors and omissions liability insurance, and any other insurance premiums;
- direct costs and expenses of administration and operation of the Company, including printing, mailing, long distance telephone, copying, secretarial and other staff, independent auditors and outside legal costs; and
- all other non-investment advisory expenses incurred by the Company in connection with administering the Company's business.

|   | <br>March 31, 2020<br>(unaudited) |    |                             |    |           | March 31, 2019 (unaudited) |                             |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
|   | Total                             |    | Per<br>Share <sup>(1)</sup> |    | Total     |                            | Per<br>Share <sup>(1)</sup> |  |  |
|   | <br>                              |    |                             |    |           |                            |                             |  |  |
| Investment income   |                                   |    |                             |    |           |                            |                             |  |  |
| Interest income <sup>(2)</sup>                                | \$<br>224,836                     | \$ | 0.001                       | \$ | 279,554   | \$                         | 0.002                       |  |  |
| Other income  | <br>9,260                         |    | 0.000                       |    | 8,058     |                            | 0.000                       |  |  |
| Total investment income                                       | 234,096                           |    | 0.001                       |    | 287,612   |                            | 0.002                       |  |  |
| Operating expenses  |                                   |    |                             |    |           |                            |                             |  |  |
| Management fees   | 83,453                            |    | 0.001                       |    | 98,279    |                            | 0.001                       |  |  |
| Administration fees   | 98,750                            |    | 0.001                       |    | 105,000   |                            | 0.001                       |  |  |
| Audit fees  | 51,500                            |    | 0.000                       |    | 127,120   |                            | 0.001                       |  |  |
| Tax preparation fees  | 470                               |    | 0.000                       |    | 5,500     |                            | 0.000                       |  |  |
| Legal fees  | 32,317                            |    | 0.000                       |    | 53,999    |                            | 0.000                       |  |  |
| Valuation fees  | 42,000                            |    | 0.000                       |    | 52,470    |                            | 0.000                       |  |  |
| Directors' fees   | 37,500                            |    | 0.000                       |    | 38,625    |                            | 0.000                       |  |  |
| Insurance expense   | 24,171                            |    | 0.000                       |    | 30,257    |                            | 0.000                       |  |  |
| Other general and administrative expenses                     | <br>21,056                        |    | 0.000                       |    | 22,572    |                            | 0.000                       |  |  |
| Total net operating expenses                                  | 391,217                           |    | 0.002                       |    | 533,822   |                            | 0.003                       |  |  |
| Net investment loss before tax                                | (157,121)                         |    | (0.001)                     |    | (246,210) |                            | (0.002)                     |  |  |
| Income tax expense  | 2,051                             |    | 0.000                       |    | 1,375     |                            | 0.000                       |  |  |
| Net investment loss after tax                                 | \$<br>(159,172)                   | \$ | (0.001)                     | \$ | (247,585) | \$                         | (0.002)                     |  |  |
| Net realized gain (loss)                                      | \$<br>_                           | \$ | _                           | \$ | -         | \$                         | -                           |  |  |
| Net change in unrealized gain (loss)                          | \$<br>(7,565,212)                 | \$ | (0.063)                     | \$ | (170,451) | \$                         | (0.001)                     |  |  |
| Net increase decrease in net assets resulting from operations | \$<br>(7,724,384)                 | \$ | (0.064)                     | \$ | (418,036) |                            | (0.003)                     |  |  |

Three Months Ended

Three Months Ended

- (1) The basic per share figures noted above are based on a weighted average of 120,486,061 shares outstanding for both the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, except where such amounts need to be adjusted to be consistent with what is disclosed in the financial highlights of our financial statements.
- (2) Interest income includes PIK interest of \$21,804 and \$17,062 for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

# Operating Expenses

Total net operating expenses decreased from \$533,822 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 to \$391,217 for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in legal fees, audit fees and insurance expense for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

Total operating expenses per share decreased from \$0.03 per share for the three months ended March 31, 2020 to \$0.002 per share for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

# Net Investment Income (Loss)

Net investment loss (after tax) decreased from a loss of \$(247,585) for the three months ended March 31, 2019 to a loss of \$(159,172) for the three months ended March 31, 2020. This decrease in a loss was primarily due to a decrease in legal fees, audit fees and insurance expense for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and to a to a lesser extent a decrease in interest income.

Net investment loss (after tax) per share decreased unchanged from \$(0.002) to \$(0.001) for three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2020, respectively.

#### Net Realized Gain (Loss)

We measure realized gains (losses) by the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the amortized cost basis of the investment, using the specific identification method, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, we did not recognize any realized gain or loss

# Net Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)

Net change in unrealized gain (loss) primarily reflects the change in portfolio investment values during the reporting period, including the reversal of previously recorded appreciation or depreciation when gains or losses are realized.

Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments totaled a loss of \$(7,565,212) for the three months ended March 31, 2020 primarily in connection with losses of \$2,063,173, \$1,583,546 and \$1,095,196 on Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc., Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc., and Performance Alloys, LLC., which were partially offset by gains of \$5,999 from PCC SBH, LLC.

Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments totaled a loss of \$(170,451) for the three months ended March 31, 2019 primarily in connection with losses of \$258,207, \$167,721 and \$120,427 on Advantis Certified Staffing Solutions, Inc., Integrated Medical Partners, LLC and Performance Alloys, Inc., which were partially offset by gains of \$253,250 and \$122,441 from Great Value Storage, LLC and Rockfish Seafood Grill, Inc.

# Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

We intend to continue to generate cash from future offerings of securities and cash flows from operations, including earnings on investments in our portfolio and future investments, as well as interest earned from the temporary investment of cash in U.S. government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. We may, if permitted by regulation, seek various forms of leverage and borrow funds to make investments.

In the first quarter of 2020, the global economy was effected by the COVID-19 pandemic, including the small and medium sized businesses in which we are invested. This has impacted a small portion of the cash payments we otherwise expected to receive in the quarter. Regardless of this, the Company still expects the exit of investments in the near term future to provide additional sources of capital to fund operations.

As of March 31, 2020, we had \$177,525 in cash and \$25,405 in restricted cash, and our net assets totaled \$25,555,945. We believe that our anticipated cash flows from operations will be adequate to meet our cash needs for our daily operations for at least the next twelve months.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

As of March 31, 2020, we did not have any contractual obligations that would trigger the tabular disclosure of contractual obligations under Section 303(a)(5) of Regulation S-K

We have entered into one contract under which we have material future commitments, the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement, pursuant to which House Hanover serves as our investment adviser. Payments under the House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement in future periods will be equal to a percentage of the value of our net assets.

The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement is terminable by either party without penalty upon written notice by the Company or 60 days' written notice by Hanover. If this agreement is terminated, the costs we incur under a new agreement may increase. In addition, we will likely incur significant time and expense in locating alternative parties to provide the services we expect to receive under our investment advisory agreement. Any new investment advisory agreement would also be subject to approval by our stockholders.

#### Distributions

For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, and through the date of issuance of this report, no dividends have been declared or distributed to stockholders.

In order to qualify as a RIC and to avoid U.S. federal corporate level income tax on the income we distribute to our stockholders, we are required to distribute at least 90% of our net ordinary income and our net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, if any, to our stockholders on an annual basis. Additionally, we must distribute an amount at least equal to the sum of 98% of our net ordinary income (during the calendar year) plus 98.2% of our net capital gain income (during each 12-month period ending on October 31) plus any net ordinary income and capital gain net income for preceding years that were not distributed during such years and on which we paid no U.S. federal income tax to avoid a U.S. federal excise tax. To the extent that we have income available, we intend to make quarterly distributions to our stockholders. Our stockholder distributions, if any, will be determined by our board of directors on a quarterly basis. Any distribution to our stockholders will be declared out of assets legally available for distribution. The Company did not meet the requirements to qualify as a RIC for the 2019 tax year.

We may not be able to achieve operating results that will allow us to make distributions at a specific level or to increase the amount of our distributions from time to time. In addition, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions due to the asset coverage requirements applicable to us as a BDC under the 1940 Act. If we do not distribute a certain percentage of our income annually, we could suffer adverse tax consequences, including the possible loss of any qualification as a RIC. We cannot assure stockholders that they will receive any distributions.

To the extent our taxable earnings fall below the total amount of our distributions for that fiscal year, a portion of those distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, the source of a distribution to our stockholders may be the original capital invested by the stockholder rather than our income or gains. Stockholders should read any written disclosure accompanying any stockholder distribution carefully and should not assume that the source of any distribution is our ordinary income or capital gains.

We have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for our common stockholders. As a result, if we declare a distribution, the stockholders' cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock unless a stockholder specifically "opts out" of our dividend reinvestment plan. If a stockholder opts out, that stockholder will receive cash distributions. Although distributions paid in the form of additional shares of our common stock will generally be subject to U.S. federal, state and local taxes in the same manner as cash distributions, stockholders participating in our dividend reinvestment plan will not receive any corresponding cash distributions with which to pay any such applicable taxes.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

# **Related Party Transactions**

Management Fees

Management fees earned by House Hanover for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 were \$83,453 and \$98,279, respectively.

As of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, management fees of \$368,591 and \$285,138, respectively, were payable to House Hanover. House Hanover is allowing management fees to accrue and not be paid until such time as the Company has sufficient capital to pay them.

Incentive Fees

The House Hanover Investment Advisory Agreement does not obligate the Company to pay House Hanover an incentive fee. Incentive fees are a typical component of investment advisory agreements with business development companies.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 2 of the financial statements for a description of recent accounting pronouncements, if any, including the expected dates of adoption and the anticipated impact on the financial statements.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of our financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets and any other parameters used in determining such estimates could cause actual results to differ. In addition to the discussion below, our significant accounting policies are further described in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Valuation of Portfolio Investments

As a BDC, we generally invest in illiquid loans and securities including debt and equity securities of middle-market companies. Under procedures established by our board of directors, we value investments for which market quotations are readily available at such market quotations. We obtain these market values from an independent pricing service or at the mean between the bid and ask prices obtained from at least two brokers or dealers (if available, otherwise by a principal market maker or a primary market dealer). Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors. Such determination of fair values may involve subjective judgments and estimates, although we engage independent valuation providers to review the valuation of each portfolio investment that does not have a readily available market quotation at least twice annually. Investments purchased within 60 days of maturity are valued at cost plus accreted discount, or minus amortized premium, which approximate fair value. With respect to unquoted securities, our board of directors values each investment considering, among other measures, discounted cash flow models, comparisons of financial ratios of peer companies that are public and other factors, that are provided by a nationally recognized independent valuation firm. Beginning with the period ending June 30, 2019, the Company engaged a new third-party valuation firm to perform its independent valuations of the Company's Level 3 investments. This valuation firm provides a range of values for selected investments, which is presented to the Valuation Committee to determine the value for each of the selected investments.

When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, our board of directors uses the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate and/or assist us in our valuation. Because there is not a readily available market for substantially all of the investments in our portfolio, we value our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors using a documented valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a readily available market value existed for such investments, and the differences could be material.

With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, our board of directors undertakes a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

- Our quarterly valuation process begins with each portfolio company or investment being initially valued by an independent valuation firm, except for those investments where market quotations are readily available;
- Preliminary valuation conclusions are then documented and discussed with our senior management, our investment advisor, and our auditors;
- The valuation committee of our board of directors then reviews these preliminary valuations and approves them for recommendation to the board of directors;
- The board of directors then discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith, based on the input of our investment advisor, the independent valuation firm and the valuation committee.

# **Revenue Recognition**

Realized gain (loss) on the sale of investments is the difference between the proceeds received from dispositions of portfolio investments and their stated costs. Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method.

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that we expect to collect such amounts. For loans and debt securities with contractual PIK interest, which represents contractual interest accrued and added to the loan balance that generally becomes due at maturity, we do not accrue PIK interest if the portfolio company valuation indicates that such PIK interest is not collectible. Generally, we will not accrue interest on loans and debt securities if we have reason to doubt our ability to collect such interest. Loan origination fees, original issue discount and market discount or premium are capitalized, and we then accrete or amortize such amounts using the effective interest method as interest income. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any unamortized loan origination is recorded as interest income. We record prepayment premiums on loans and debt securities as interest income.

Dividend income, if any, will be recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Generally, when a payment default occurs on a loan in the portfolio, or if the Company otherwise believes that borrower will not be able to make contractual interest payments, the Company may place the loan on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on the loan until all principal and interest is current through payment, or until a restructuring occurs, and the interest income is deemed to be collectible. The Company may make exceptions to this policy if a loan has sufficient collateral value, is in the process of collection or is viewed to be able to pay all amounts due if the loan were to be collected on through an investment in or sale of the business, the sale of the assets of the business, or some portion or combination thereof.

# **Recent Developments**

# Portfolio Activity

- On April 17, 2020, the Company amended the second lien loan to Capital Foundry Funding, LLC to extend the maturity date to July 21, 2020.
- On May 1, 2020 and as part of the plan before the United State Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Texas, Lone Star Brewery Development, Inc. ("Lone Star") sold its sole asset, a 32-acre parcel of land located in San Antonio, TX, for \$14,450,000 in a court ordered sale forced by foreclosure of the first lien holder. The Company expects to receive an approximate amount between \$380,000 and \$680,000 when the final sales proceeds are distributed in coming months, which is significantly less than the estimated fair value of the Company's investment in Lone Star as of March 31, 2020. The Company is reflecting on its options for further recovery and will file a Form 8-K after it has completed the disposition of its investment in Lone Star and the final sales proceeds are known.

#### Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including credit risk, illiquidity of investments in our portfolio and changes in interest rates.

Credit risk is the primary market risk associated with our business. Credit risk originates from the fact that some of our portfolio companies may become unable or unwilling to fulfill their contractual payment obligations to us and may eventually default on those obligations. These contractual payment obligations arise under the debt securities and other investments that we hold. They include payment of interest, principal, dividends, fees and payments under guarantees and similar instruments.

We primarily invest in illiquid debt and other securities of small and mid-sized private companies. In some cases these investments include additional equity components. Our investments may have no established trading market or are generally subject to restrictions on resale. The illiquidity of our investments may adversely affect our ability to dispose of debt and equity securities at times when it may be otherwise advantageous for us to liquidate such investments

Changes in interest rates may affect both our cost of funding and our interest income from portfolio investments and cash and cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2020, we had 1 debt investment which bore interest at a variable rate, representing approximately \$1,000,000 and \$1,000,000 in debt at fair value and cost, respectively. The variable interest rate is based on the US Prime Rate.

To illustrate the potential impact of a change in the underlying interest rate on our net investment income, we have assumed a 1%, 2%, and 3% increase along with a 1%, 2%, and 3% decrease in the underlying US Prime Rate, and no other changes in our portfolio as of March 31, 2020. The below table illustrates the effect such assumed rate changes would have on an annual basis.

| US Prime Rate Increase<br>(Decrease) | Increase (Decrease) on Net Investment Income (1) |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 3.00%                                | \$ 20,000  |
| 2.00%                                | \$ 10,000  |
| 1.00%                                | -  |
| (1.00)%                              | -  |
| (2.00)%                              | -  |
| (3.00)%                              | -  |

(1) The increase and decrease on Net Investment Income is limited due to a payable rate on our one variable rate debt instrument of the prime rate as published in the Wall Street Journal that has a rate floor of 4.25%.

This analysis does not adjust for changes in the credit quality, size and composition of our portfolio, and other business developments that could affect the net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations. Accordingly, no assurances can be given that actual results would not differ materially from the results under this analysis.

#### Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

## (a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act) designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports that we file under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and accumulated and communicated to management, including our Interim Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

In connection with the preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as of the end of the fiscal period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (March 31, 2020), we performed an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Interim Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) of the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our Interim Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of March 31, 2020, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in providing reasonable assurance (i) that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and (ii) that such information is accumulated and communicated to management in a manner that allows timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

# (b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No changes to our internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2020 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As of March 31, 2020, there were no material legal proceedings against the Company or any of its officers or directors.

#### **Great Value Storage Litigation**

On March 14, 2019, the Company filed a complaint against Great Value Storage, LLC ("GVS"), World Class Capital Group, LLC, and Natin Paul, which we refer to collectively as the GVS Defendants, in the District Court for Harris County, Texas. GVS is one of the Company's portfolio companies. The complaint alleges that the GVS defendants are in breach of certain contractual obligations under a Note Purchase Agreement entered into between the parties on July 31, 2012, as amended (the "Note Purchase Agreement"), including failure to make payments owed to the Company under the Note Purchase Agreement. The Company seeks (i) actual damages, (ii) special, statutory, or exemplary damages, (iii) pre-judgment interest, (iv) post-judgment interest, (v) court costs, (vi) reasonable attorneys' fees, and (vii) all other relief to which the Company may be entitled to under law or equity. On April 15, 2019, the GVS Defendants filed an Answer with Request for Disclosure. The action is pending in the Harris County District Court. The Company has not received financial statements from GVS since August 2018.

From time to time, the Company may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of the Company's rights under contracts with its portfolio companies. Other than set forth above, the Company is not currently subject to any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us.

#### General

From time to time, the Company may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of the Company's rights under contracts with its portfolio companies. Other than as described above, the Company is not currently involved in any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, which could materially affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties are not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results except as follows:.

The impact that the COVID-19 pandemic has had and will continue to have on our business, results of operations, financial position and cash flow.

The global economy has been effected by the COVID-19 pandemic, including the small and medium sized businesses in which we are invested. The extent to which our operations may be impacted will depend largely on future developments, which are uncertain and cannot be predicted, including duration, the restrictions by governmental authorities to operate businesses and the effect that programs, such as the Paycheck Protection Program by the U.S. Small Business Administration, will have.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities** 

None.

# Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

# Item 5. Other Information

None.

# Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report or hereby incorporated by reference to exhibits previously filed with the SEC:

# **Exhibit Description**

- 31.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 31.2\* 32\* Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
  Certification of Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Filed herewith.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 15, 2020 Princeton Capital Corporation

Dated: May 15, 2020

By: /s/ Mark S. DiSalvo

Mark S. DiSalvo

Interim Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal

Executive Officer)

Princeton Capital Corporation

By: /s/ Gregory J. Cannella Gregory J. Cannella

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

#### CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

# I, Mark S. DiSalvo, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Princeton Capital Corporation (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 15, 2020

Mark S. DiSalvo Interim Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Mark S. DiSalvo

#### CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

#### PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

# I, Gregory J. Cannella, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Princeton Capital Corporation (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 15, 2020

/s/ Gregory J. Cannella
Gregory J. Cannella
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

# CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

# PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, who are the Interim Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Princeton Capital Corporation (the "Company"), each hereby certify that to the best of his knowledge (1) this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Quarterly Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and (2) the information contained in this Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 15, 2020 /s/ Mark S. DiSalvo

Date: May 15, 2020

Mark S. DiSalvo

Interim Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Gregory J. Cannella

Gregory J. Cannella Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)